



RadioAstron correlation and activities at MPIfR



ASTRO SPACE
CENTER

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Max Planck Institute for Radioastronomy

Third international VLBI technology workshop

Groningen, 10-13/11/2014

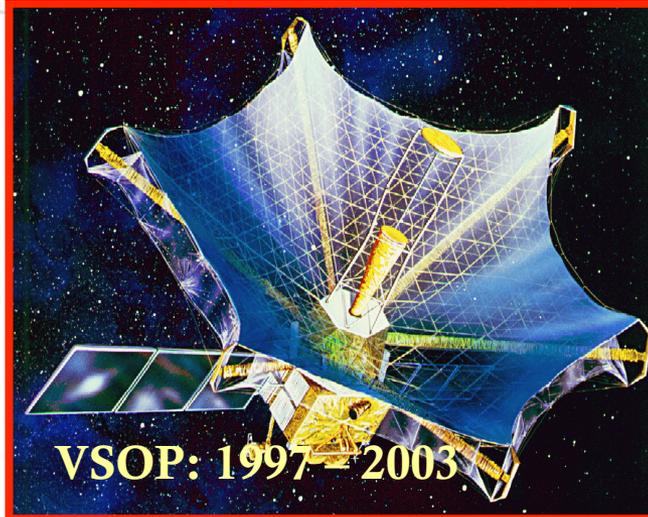


Max-Planck-Institut
für Radioastronomie

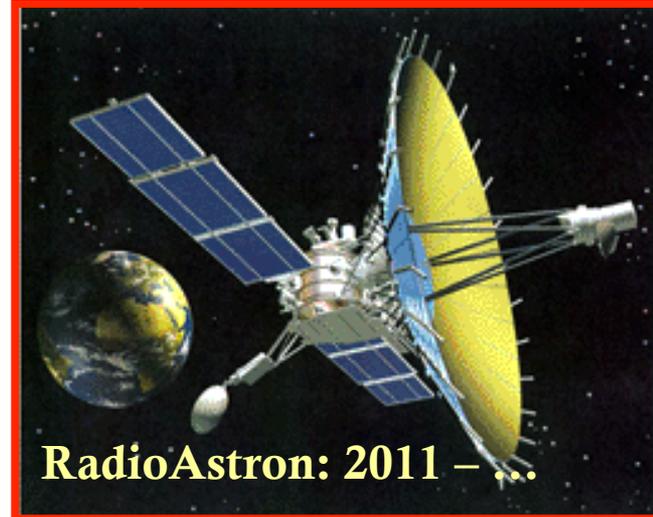
Space VLBI during the decades



1986-88



1990s



2010s

The RadioAstron telescope

Russia's RadioAstron space observatory

The RadioAstron observatory with an unprecedented high resolution capability will make it possible to observe remote objects in space

Parabolic antenna

- Diameter: 10 meters
- Comprises 27 carbon-plastic "petals"

Broad-beam antennas

Focal module

This is the first Russian orbital radio telescope

It will study:

- Galaxy nuclei
- Black holes
- Neutron stars
- Interstellar plasma clouds
- The Earth's gravitational field
- And many other objects and phenomena in the Universe

Ordered by: **Federal Space Agency**

Chief contractor: **Lavochkin Research and Production Association**

Scientific equipment developed by: Astro Space Center of the Russian Academy of Sciences' Lebedev Physics Institute

The RadioAstron observatory was launched on July 18, 2011.

Active service life: At least five years

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Highly elliptical orbit

- Apogee: 330,000 kilometers
- Perigee: 600 km
- Orbital period: 8.2 days

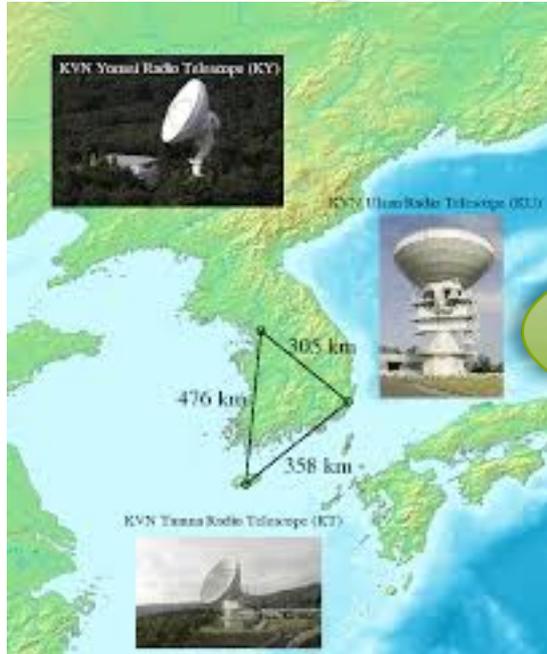


The RadioAstron observatory will operate with an international network of ground-based radio telescopes. This huge ground- and space-based telescope system, also called an interferometer, will provide the finest angular resolution.

This will make it possible to obtain images of remote objects with a resolution exceeding that of NASA's Hubble orbital telescope a thousand times over

www.ria.ru

The ground segment



The correlation

Four correlators are processing RadioAstron data:

- **ASC software FX-correlator**: AGN survey, Russian PIs projects
- **Dra-DiFX** software correlator: upgraded version of the DiFX to correlate space-based antennas. AGN imaging projects
- **JIVE SFXC** software correlator: mainly pulsar projects
- **CURTIN University correlator (Dra-DiFX)**: Cen A imaging project (Australia)



The HPC cluster

13 RAIDs, 650 Tb

60 nodes,
8 cores each
(480 cores)

60 Tb reserved for
RadioAstron



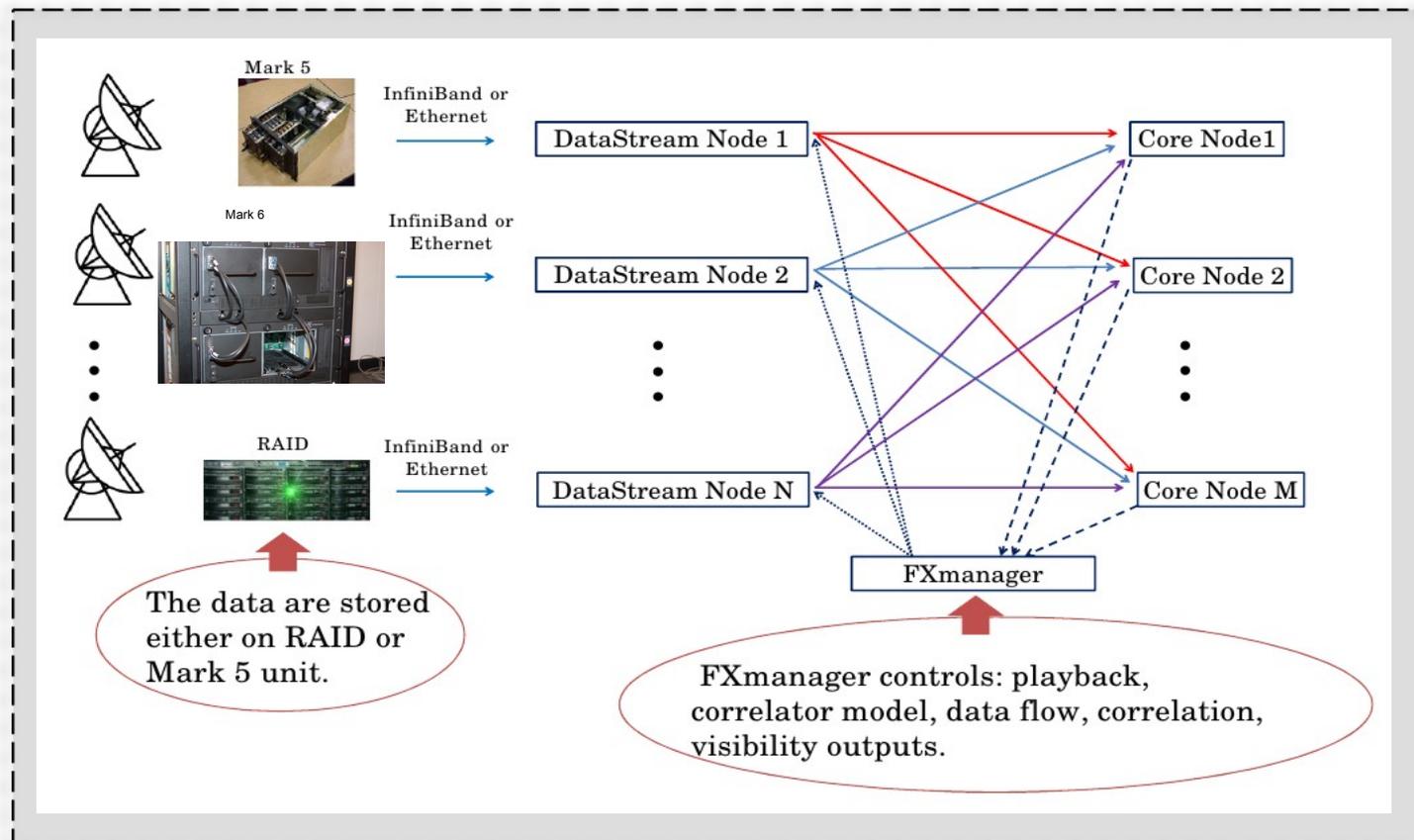
fxmanager

appliance

Interconnected via 20 Gbps infiniband to RAIDs and 15 Mark5 units

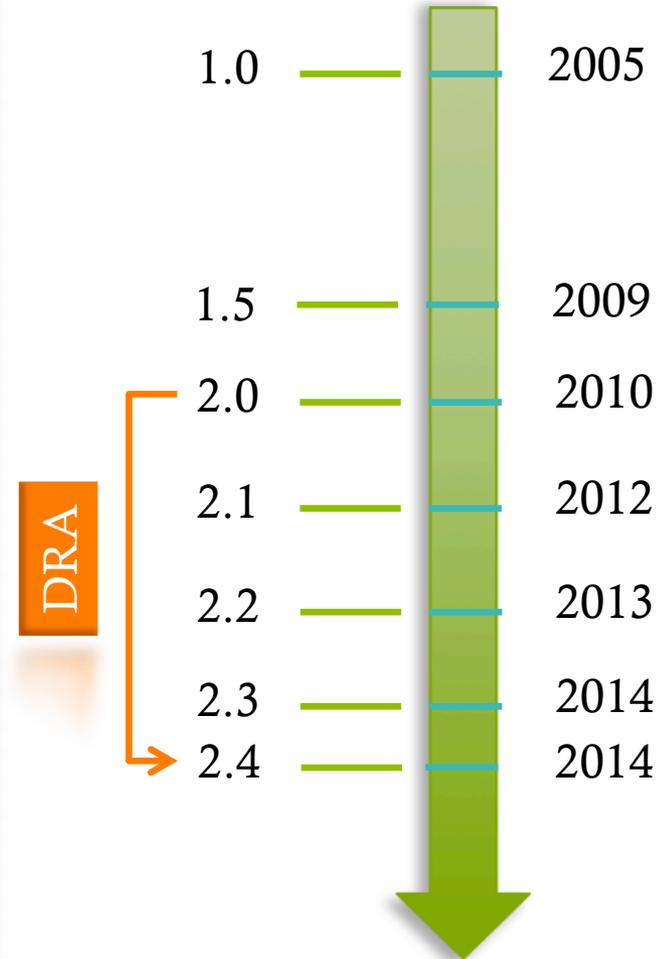
The HPC cluster

Individual ground stations data are sent to Bonn, on diskpicks or by e-transfer (when e-VLBI link is available). Correlation both from diskpicks and RAIDs



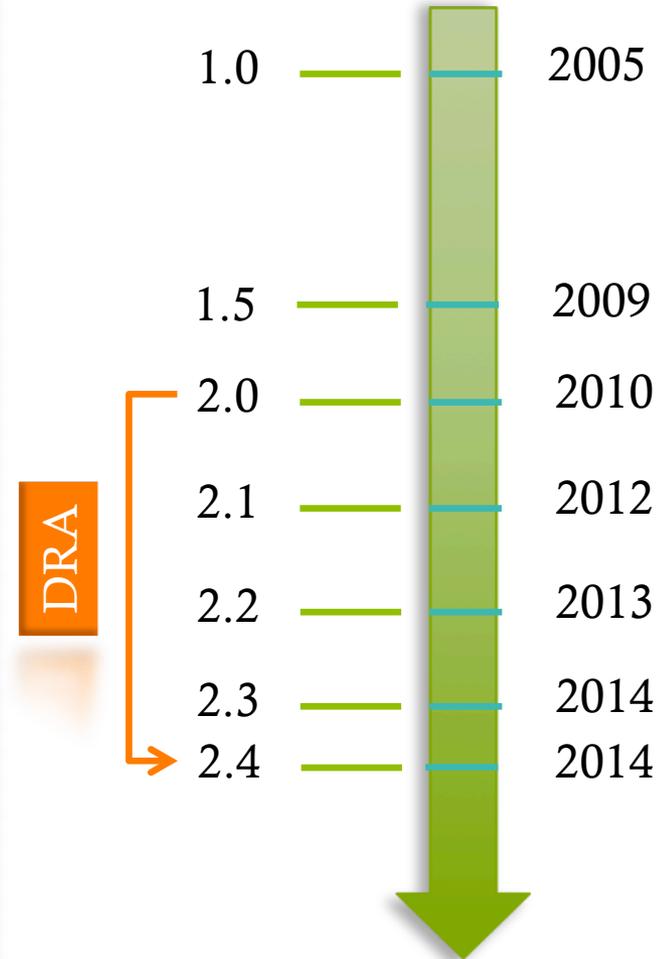
dra-DiFX

- **DRA** branched from version 2.0 by J. Anderson, on-going merging with 2.4
- RDF-Mark5B conversion routine, to read in data from RadioAstron
- Enabling delay model server Calc (Calc/Solve Package) to calculate delay information
- Introducing general relativistic corrections in the delay model
- Changing DiFX metadata system to deal with variable position/velocity of the spaceborne antenna



dra-DiFX

- Calculating the delay for the transmission of the signal from the spacecraft to the tracking station
- Calculating the equivalent of parallactic angle correction for the spaceborne antenna from the antenna orientation obtained from the telemetry information.

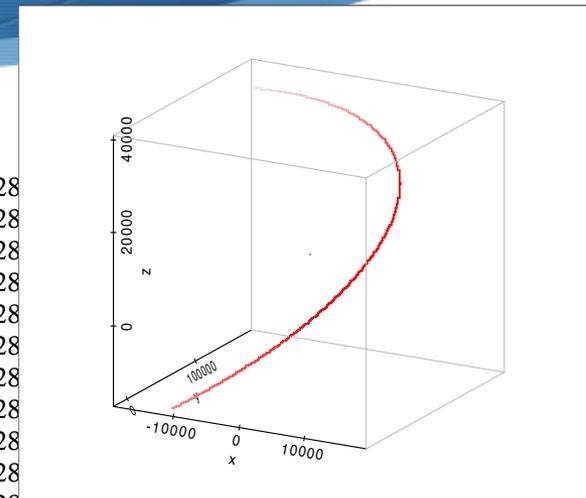


dra-DiFX

RA orbit for GS032A

Orbit file:

```
...
2013-03-10T09:00:00.000 -40177.873238 179880.300449 112805.540864 -.533000678 1.045017344 -.28
2013-03-10T09:00:01.000 -40178.406237 179881.345463 112805.258606 -.532999118 1.045010237 -.28
2013-03-10T09:00:02.000 -40178.939236 179882.390470 112804.976343 -.532997557 1.045003131 -.28
2013-03-10T09:00:03.000 -40179.472233 179883.435469 112804.694077 -.532995996 1.044996025 -.28
2013-03-10T09:00:04.000 -40180.005228 179884.480462 112804.411805 -.532994435 1.044988919 -.28
2013-03-10T09:00:05.000 -40180.538221 179885.525447 112804.129529 -.532992874 1.044981813 -.28
2013-03-10T09:00:06.000 -40181.071214 179886.570426 112803.847249 -.532991314 1.044974707 -.28
2013-03-10T09:00:07.000 -40181.604204 179887.615397 112803.564964 -.532989753 1.044967601 -.28
2013-03-10T09:00:08.000 -40182.137193 179888.660361 112803.282675 -.532988192 1.044960495 -.28
2013-03-10T09:00:09.000 -40182.670180 179889.705318 112803.000381 -.532986631 1.044953389 -.28
2013-03-10T09:00:10.000 -40183.203166 179890.750268 112802.718083 -.532985070 1.044946283 -.28
2013-03-10T09:00:11.000 -40183.736151 179891.795210 112802.435781 -.532983510 1.044939177 -.28
2013-03-10T09:00:12.000 -40184.269133 179892.840146 112802.153474 -.532981949 1.044932071 -.28
```



Orientation file:

```
# RadioAstron position information for experiment raks03a
# Coordinates are equatorial J2000 measured in degrees
# Time is UTC
```

#obscode	time	X R.A.	X DEC	Y R.A.	Y DEC	Z R.A.	Z DEC
raks03a	2013-09-21 15:10:35	49.9768825932	41.4751393042	89.22400818	-41.2214168807	159.691649	20.8881066585
raks03a	2013-09-21 15:11:06	49.9768825932	41.4751393042	89.22400818	-41.2214168807	159.691649	20.8881066585
raks03a	2013-09-21 15:11:08	49.9768825932	41.4751393042	89.22400818	-41.2214168807	159.691649	20.8881066585
raks03a	2013-09-21 15:11:12	49.9768825932	41.4751393042	89.22400818	-41.2214168807	159.691649	20.8881066585
raks03a	2013-09-21 15:11:22	49.9768825932	41.4751393042	89.22400818	-41.2214168807	159.691649	20.8881066585
raks03a	2013-09-21 15:11:26	49.9768825932	41.4751393042	89.22400818	-41.2214168807	159.691649	20.8881066585
raks03a	2013-09-21 15:11:31	49.9768825932	41.4751393042	89.22400818	-41.2214168807	159.691649	20.8881066585

...

dra-DiFX

NUM_IF is 2
NUM_TIME is 5690
NUM_CHAN is 512
NUM_STOKES is 4
INT_TIME is 1.000000E-01
CHAN_BW is 3.125000E+04
r00

FFT along the channel direction for many timeslots

FFT along the time direction for many channels, for 1 stagger groups

Stagger 0 Mean 1.9159460E+02 StdDev 1.0017288E+02
Stagger 0 Peak 0 Delay_Pos 46 1.438E-06 [s] Rate_Pos 4985 4.380E+00 [Hz] Value 7.1873825E+00
Stagger 0 Peak 1 Delay_Pos 484 1.513E-05 [s] Rate_Pos 3152 2.770E+00 [Hz] Value 7.1171250E+00
Stagger 0 Peak 2 Delay_Pos -112 -3.500E-06 [s] Rate_Pos -3646 -3.204E+00 [Hz] Value 6.5512319E+00
Stagger 0 Peak 4 Delay_Pos 267 8.344E-06 [s] Rate_Pos -5182 -4.554E+00 [Hz] Value 6.4332413E+00
Stagger 0 Peak 8 Delay_Pos 15 4.687E-07 [s] Rate_Pos 3424 3.009E+00 [Hz] Value 6.3186945E+00
Stagger 0 Peak 9 Delay_Pos 309 9.656E-06 [s] Rate_Pos -956 -8.401E-01 [Hz] Value 6.2007380E+00
Stagger 0 Peak 10 Delay_Pos 393 1.228E-05 [s] Rate_Pos -4665 -4.099E+00 [Hz] Value 6.1537276E+00
Stagger 0 Peak 11 Delay_Pos 183 5.719E-06 [s] Rate_Pos 1061 9.323E-01 [Hz] Value 6.1517279E+00
Stagger 0 Peak 14 Delay_Pos 380 1.187E-05 [s] Rate_Pos -1049 -9.218E-01 [Hz] Value 6.0672048E+00
Peak closest to 0,0

Stagger 0 Peak 9 Delay_Pos 309 9.656E-06 [s] Rate_Pos -956 -8.401E-01 [Hz] Value 6.2007380E+00

Fringe-fitting has 1024 frequency channels (center at 512)

Fringe-fitting has 11380 time slots (center at 5690)

r01

FFT along the channel direction for many timeslots

FFT along the time direction for many channels, for 1 stagger groups

Stagger 0 Mean 1.9093617E+02 StdDev 9.9786536E+01
Stagger 0 Peak 0 Delay_Pos 27 8.437E-07 [s] Rate_Pos -174 -1.529E-01 [Hz] Value 1.1176270E+01
Stagger 0 Peak 8 Delay_Pos 457 1.428E-05 [s] Rate_Pos -3596 -3.160E+00 [Hz] Value 6.7450432E+00
Stagger 0 Peak 9 Delay_Pos -437 -1.366E-05 [s] Rate_Pos -2309 -2.029E+00 [Hz] Value 6.6589090E+00
Stagger 0 Peak 11 Delay_Pos -2 -6.250E-08 [s] Rate_Pos 3751 3.296E+00 [Hz] Value 6.3564898E+00
Stagger 0 Peak 13 Delay_Pos -123 -3.844E-06 [s] Rate_Pos 4276 3.757E+00 [Hz] Value 6.2546752E+00
Stagger 0 Peak 14 Delay_Pos -108 -3.375E-06 [s] Rate_Pos 3098 2.722E+00 [Hz] Value 6.2131167E+00
Stagger 0 Peak 15 Delay_Pos -428 -1.337E-05 [s] Rate_Pos 3721 3.270E+00 [Hz] Value 6.1976198E+00
Stagger 0 Peak 17 Delay_Pos -180 -5.625E-06 [s] Rate_Pos 545 4.789E-01 [Hz] Value 6.1765788E+00
Stagger 0 Peak 21 Delay_Pos 270 8.438E-06 [s] Rate_Pos -2191 -1.925E+00 [Hz] Value 6.0806752E+00
Peak closest to 0,0

Stagger 0 Peak 0 Delay_Pos 27 8.437E-07 [s] Rate_Pos -174 -1.529E-01 [Hz] Value 1.1176270E+01

Fringe-fitting has 1024 frequency channels (center at 512)

Fringe-fitting has 11380 time slots (center at 5690)

...

- After correlation fringe-fitting with dedicated software by J. Anderson. Larger fringe-search window needed, (HOPS limit is 1024 channels)
- No limits to delay & rate window, only CPU time.
- Output is first 10 peaks for every IF (BBC channel) and polarisation (RR, LL, RL, LR) in the fringe-search window
- RadioAstron fringes are usually found in a 1024 chan x 0.1 sec search window

dra-DiFX

Open issues & future developments:

- Spacecraft acceleration terms correction: a posteriori inclusion possible with PIMA
- Inclusion of the on-board maser information from telemetry data: no clock-reference for RA is present at the moment. Delay & rates added for every scan in the VEX (rate) and V2D (delay) file as clockfudge
- Automatic conversion of the native RDF data format to Mark5B: now performed through python script before correlation
- VDIF full compatibility: at the moment correlation possible only after multi-thread to single-thread conversion with *vmux*

KSPs at MPIfR

❑ Structure of compact jets in strong AGN (*AGN-S*)

M. Perucho, A.P. Lobanov, T. Savolainen, T.B. Muxlow, I. Agudo, J.M. Anderson, U. Bach, R. Beswick, R. Davis, P. Edwards, J.A. Eilek, C.M. Fromm, S.T. Garrington, J.L. Gómez, P.E. Hardee, Y.Y. Kovalev, T.P. Krichbaum, S.-S. Lee, J.M. Martí, D.L. Meier, P. Mimica, E. Ros, F. Schinzel, K. Sokolovsky, P. Wilkinson, J.A. Zensus

❑ Nearby AGN at scales of 5—500 gravitational radii (*AGN-N*)

T. Savolainen, G. Giovannini, K. Hada, S. Tingay, T.P. Krichbaum, A. Lobanov, M. Orienti, J.M. Anderson, U. Bach, B. Boccardi, C. Casadio, P. Edwards, J. Eilek, C.M. Fromm, M. Giroletti, P. Hardee, Y. Hagiwara, M. Honma, M. Kino, Y.Y. Kovalev, S.-S. Lee, D.L. Meier, H. Nagai, S.P. O'Sullivan, C. Reynolds, F. Schinzel, B.W. Sohn, K.V. Sokolovsky, J.A. Zensus

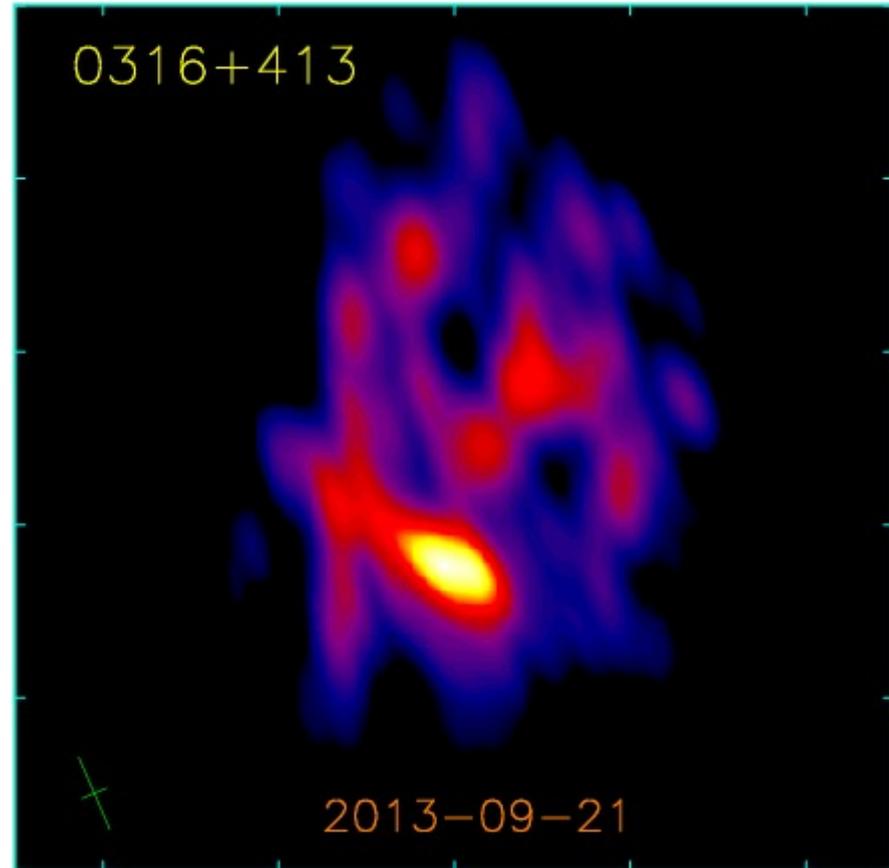
❑ Polarization and magnetic fields in compact jets (*AGN-P*)

J. L. Gómez, A. P. Lobanov, I. Agudo, A. Alberdi, J. M. Anderson, U. Bach, M. Bell, S. Bernhart, C. Casadio, T. V. Cawthorne, E. Clausen-Brown, J. Eilek, C. Fromm, D. Homan, S. G. Jorstad, M. Keck, Y. Y. Kovalev, T. P. Krichbaum, S. S. Lee, A. P. Marscher, J. M. Martí, S. Molina, K.-I. Nishikawa, M. A. Perez Torres, M. Perucho, E. Ros, T. Savolainen, B. W. Sohn, K. V. Sokolovsky, G. B. Taylor, J. A. Zensus

Nearby AGNs

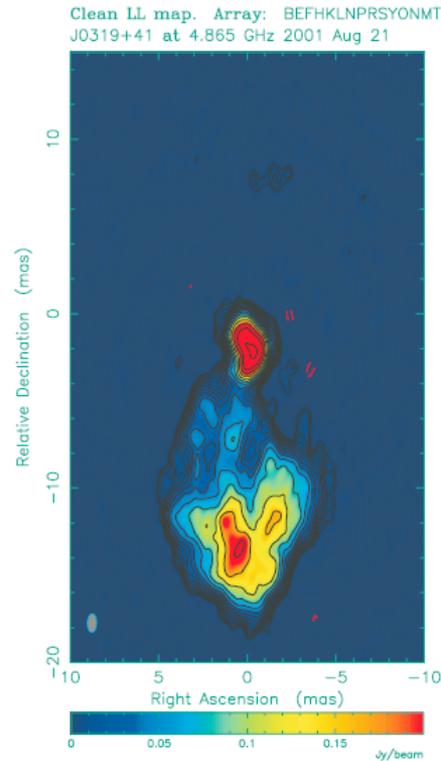
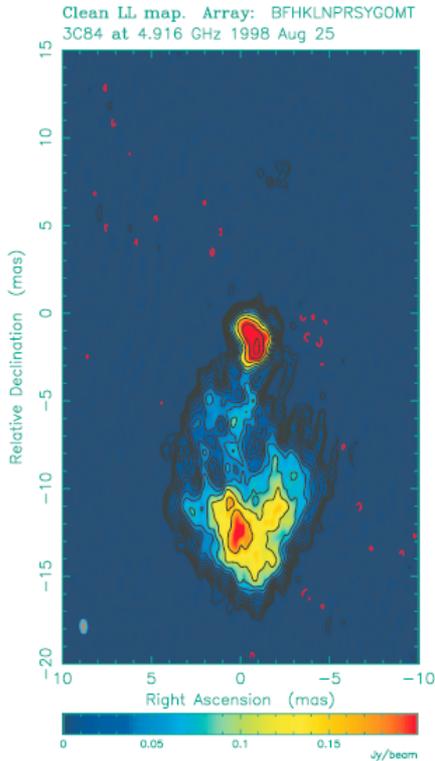
RadioAstron by Savolainen et al. (2013)

resolution of 0.45×0.15 mas at 5GHz

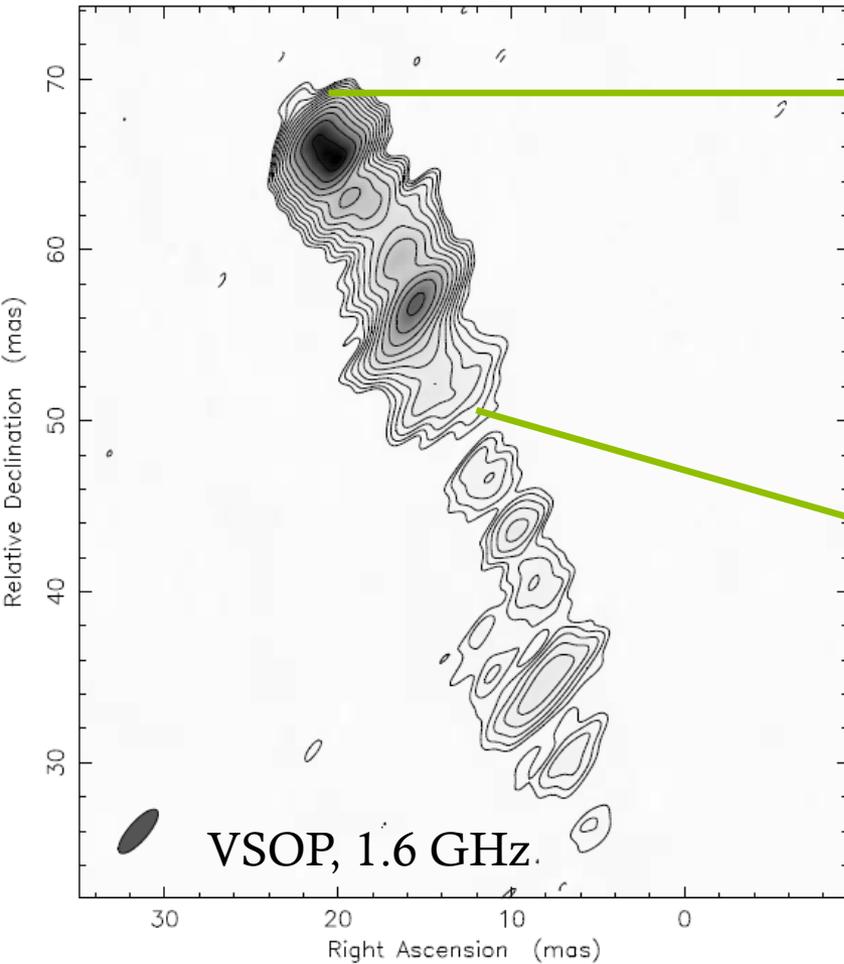


VSOP observations by Asada et al. (2006)

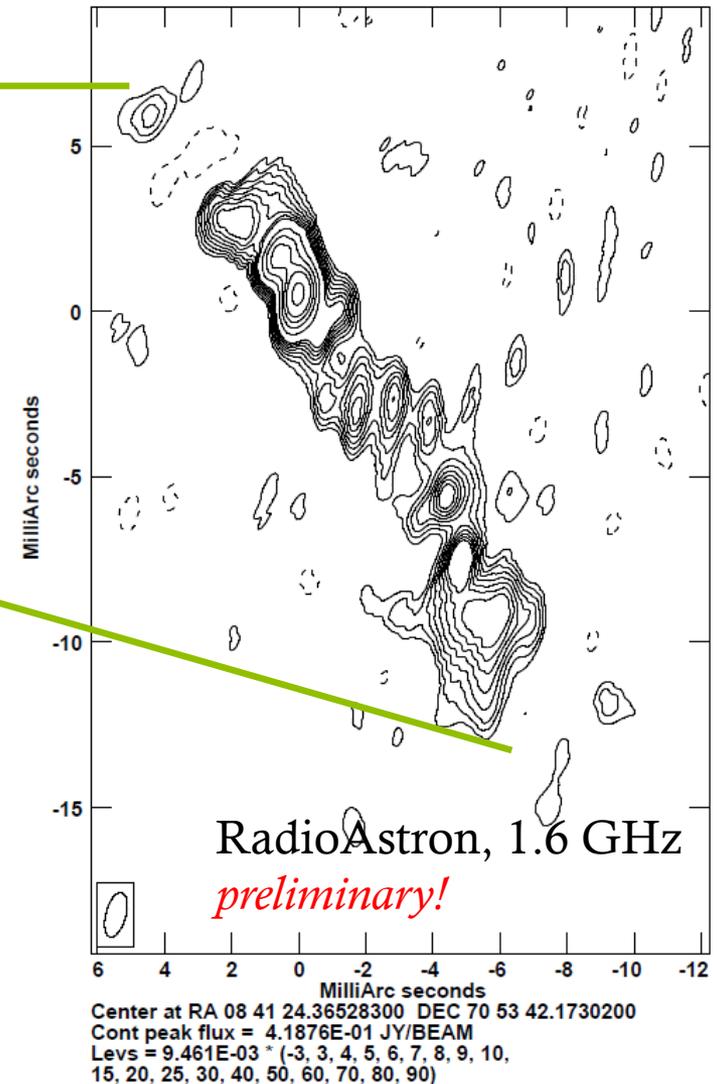
Resolution of 0.78×0.39 mas at 5GHz



Strong AGNs

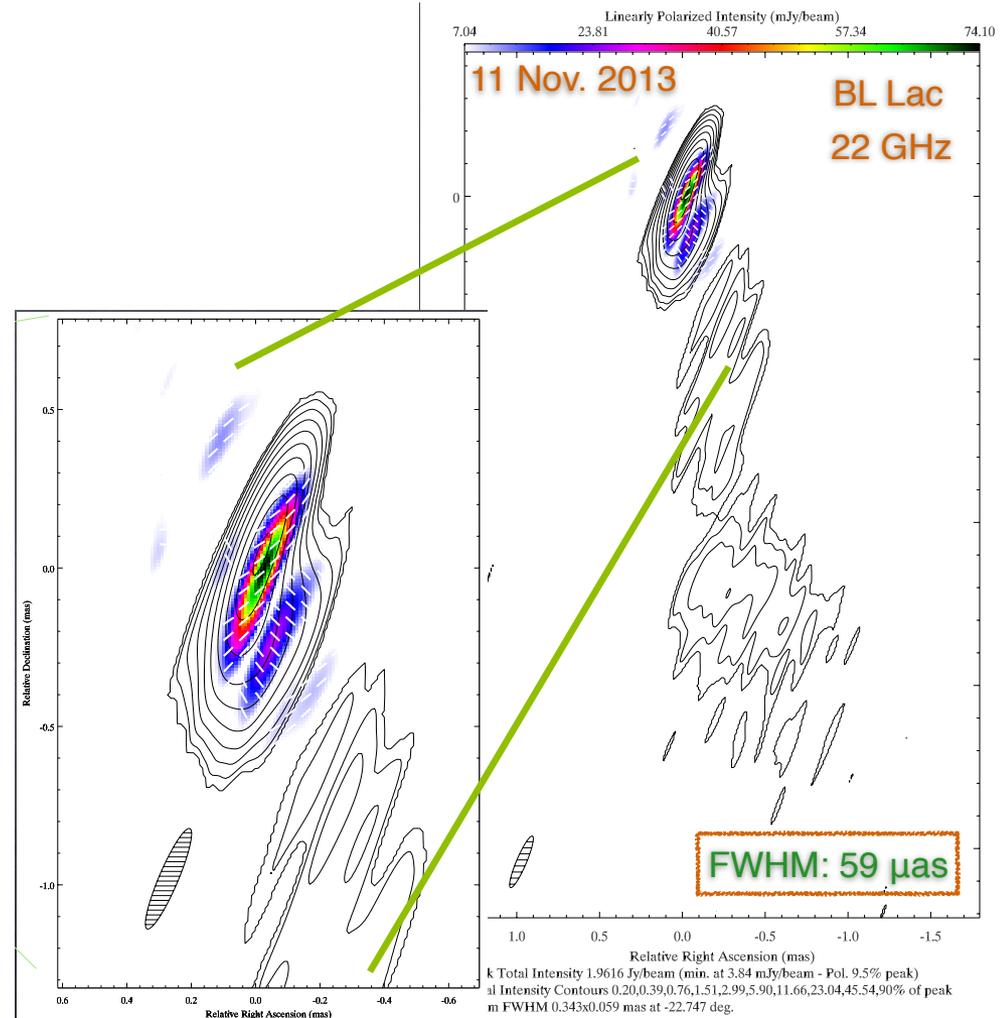
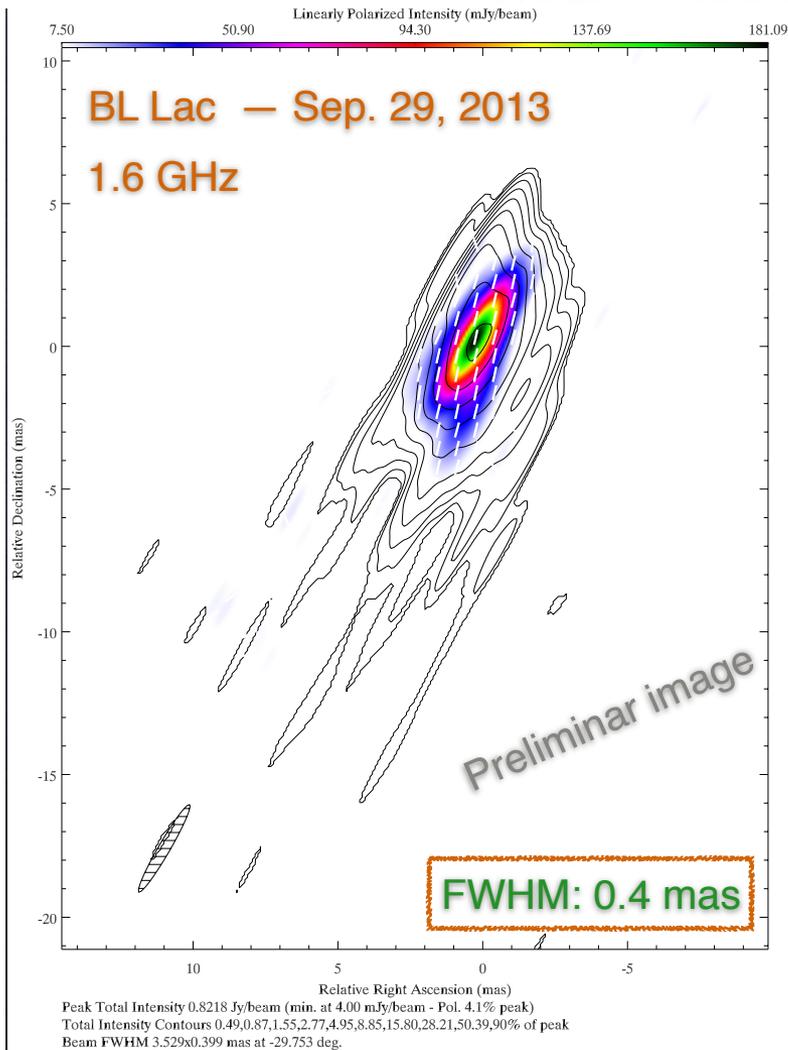


Map center: RA: 08 41 24.361, Dec: +70 53 42.109 (2000.0)
Map peak: 0.6 Jy/beam
Contours %: -1 1 1.5 2.25 3.37 5.06 7.59 11.4 17.1
Contours %: 25.6 38.4 57.7 86.5
Beam FWHM: 3.27 x 1.11 (mas) at -40.6°



Center at RA 08 41 24.36528300 DEC 70 53 42.1730200
Cont peak flux = 4.1876E-01 JY/BEAM
Levs = 9.461E-03 * (-3, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10,
15, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90)

Polarisation in AGNs



...Thanks for your attention!

