

Time Transfer in a Wide Area White Rabbit Network

Anders E. Wallin¹⁾, Thomas Fordell, Petri Koponen,
Jani Myyry*, Mikko Merimaa

¹⁾anders.wallin@mikes.fi
*CSC - IT Center for Science Ltd

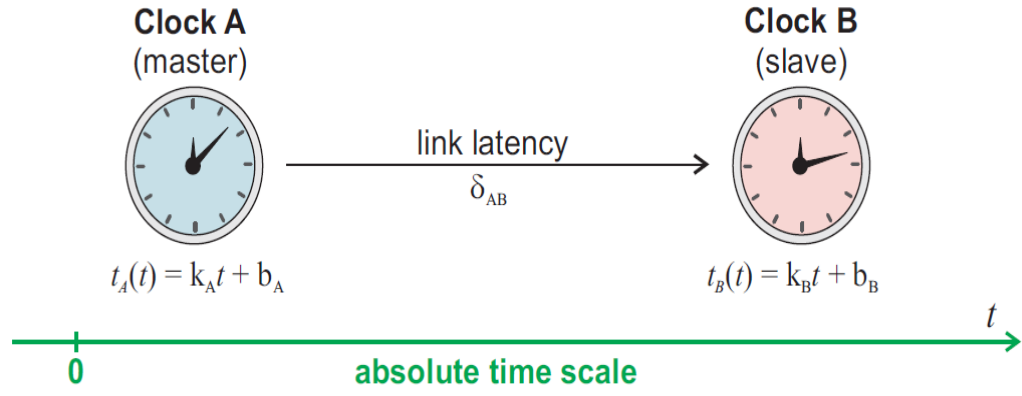
12. November 2014

White Rabbit

- Timing & Control of the LHC @ CERN: Deterministic data transfer and accurate clock synchronization
- Open Hardware & Software
- Up to 10 km link length
- < 1ns time offset between more than 1000 nodes



“I’m late, I’m late, for a very important date! No time to say hello, goodbye...”

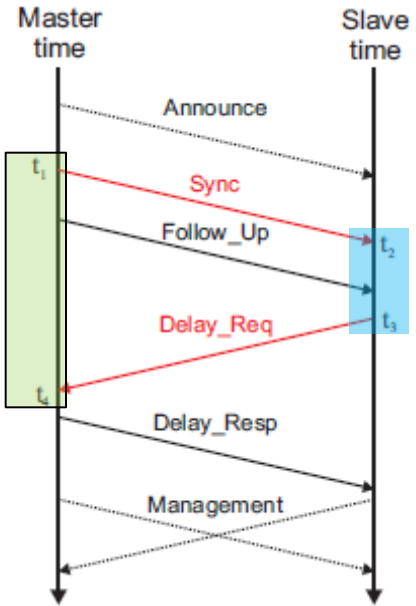


Problem	Solution
$k_A = k_B$ synchronization	Synchronous Ethernet at 1.25 GPS
$b_A = b_B$ synchronization	Precision Time Protocol (PTP) + DMTD

White Rabbit Algorithm

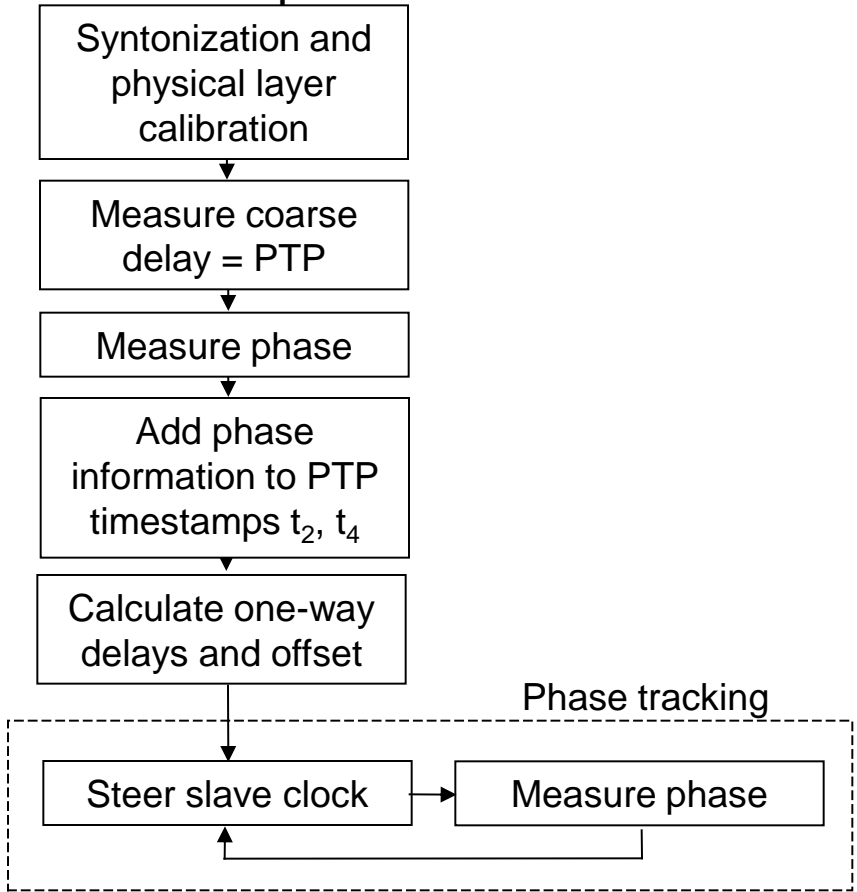
(Step 0: SyncE provides syntonized clocks)

Step 1.
Hardware time-stamping of t_1-t_4
Gives coarse (8 ns) RTT

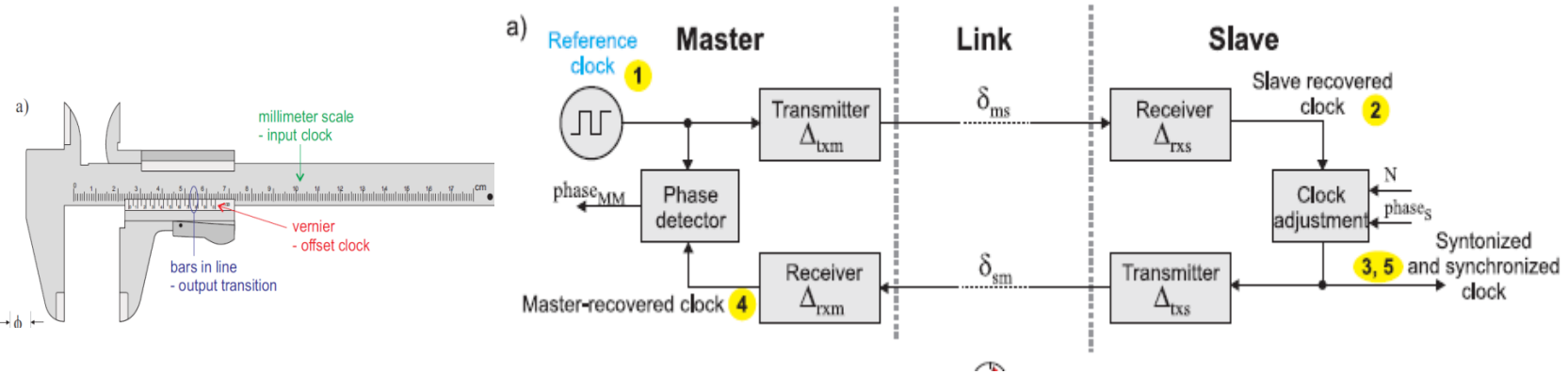


$$delay_coarse = (t_4 - t_1) - (t_3 - t_2)$$

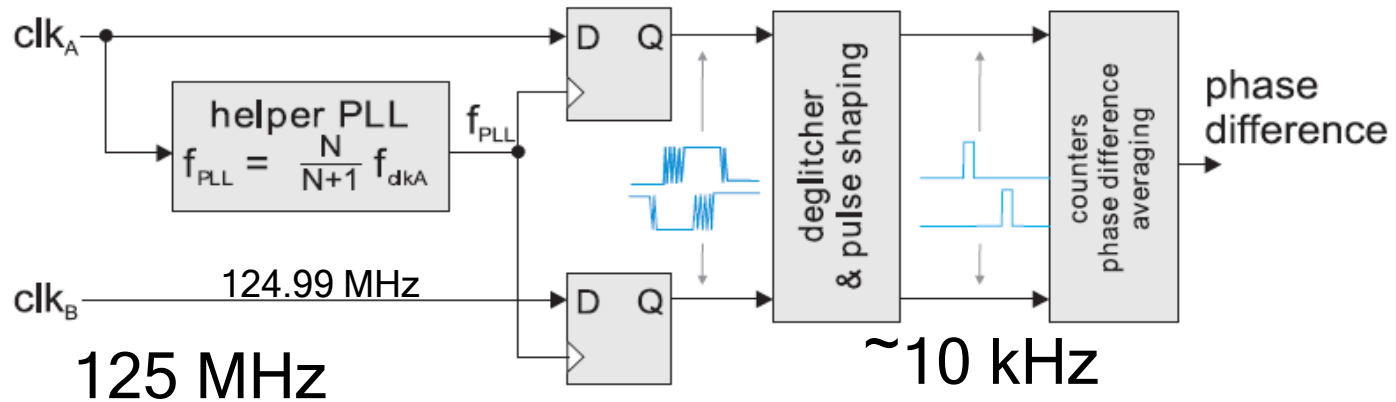
Step 2: Enhance t_2, t_4
With a phase-measurement



Phase measurement using DMTD = Dual Mixer Time Difference

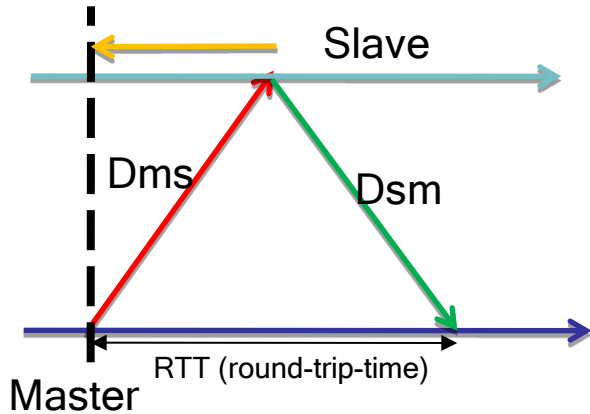


FPGA Implementation in WR-node

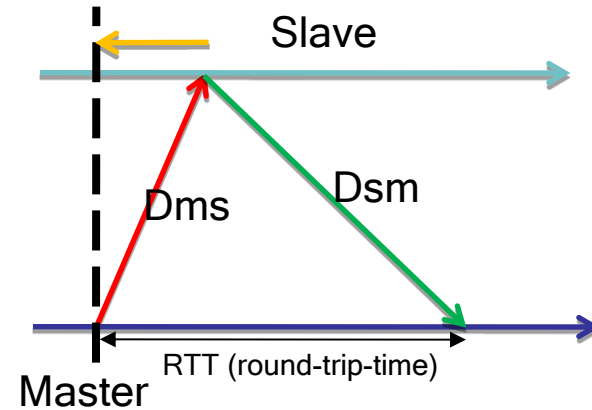


Fiber asymmetry

not known beforehand, must be calibrated



OR ?

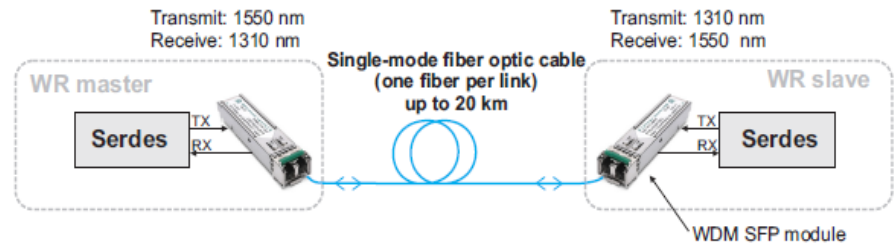


$$n^2(\lambda) = 1 + \frac{B_1\lambda^2}{\lambda^2 - C_1} + \frac{B_2\lambda^2}{\lambda^2 - C_2} + \frac{B_3\lambda^2}{\lambda^2 - C_3}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{\delta_{ms}}{\delta_{sm}} - 1 = \frac{n_{1550}}{n_{1310}} - 1$$

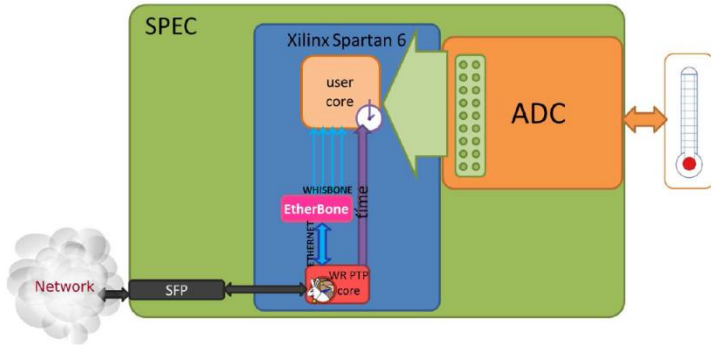
+680 ppm, typically

WR-spec: single-strand, bidir-optics, <10 km



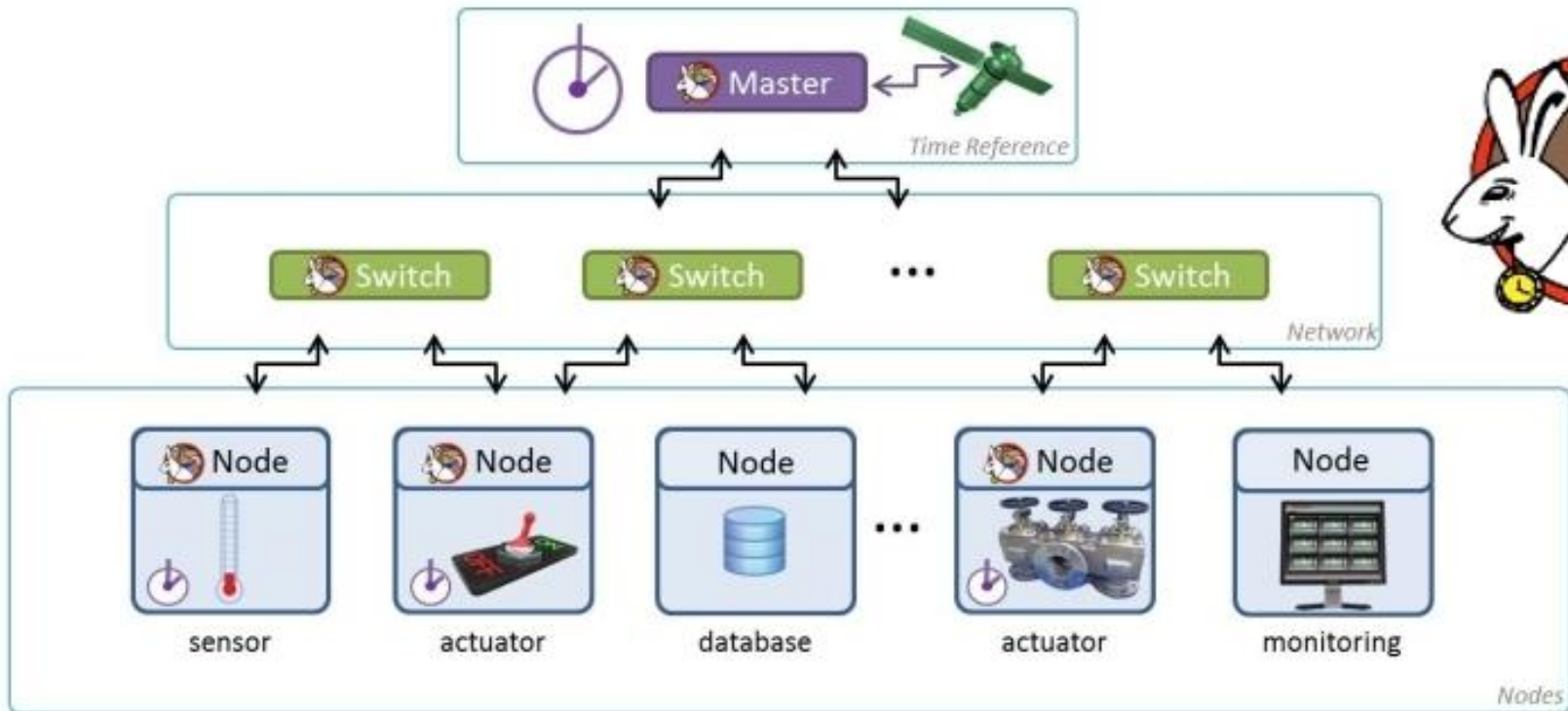
- New SFPs claim up to 160 km reach (with new bidir-amplifiers even further)
- White Rabbit works with duplex (two-strand) SFPs also

Many point-to-point links: WR Network

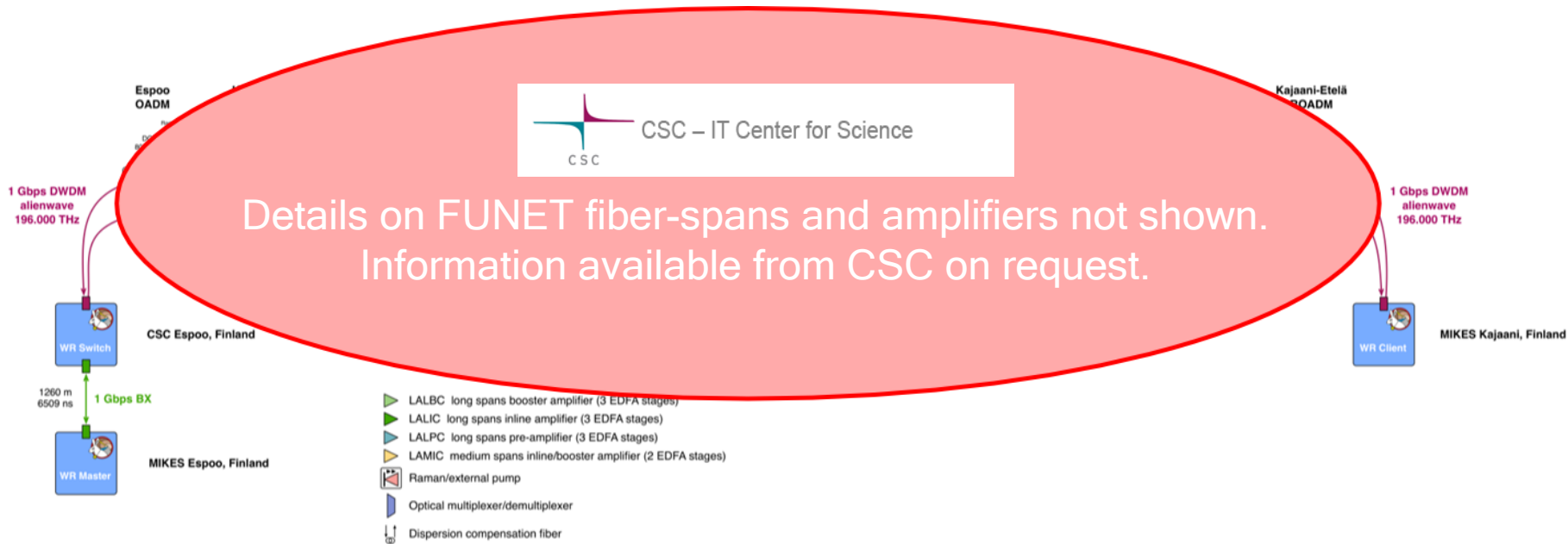


WR Node:

- SFP + FPGA + FMC front-end
- Open hardware
- Open firmware/software

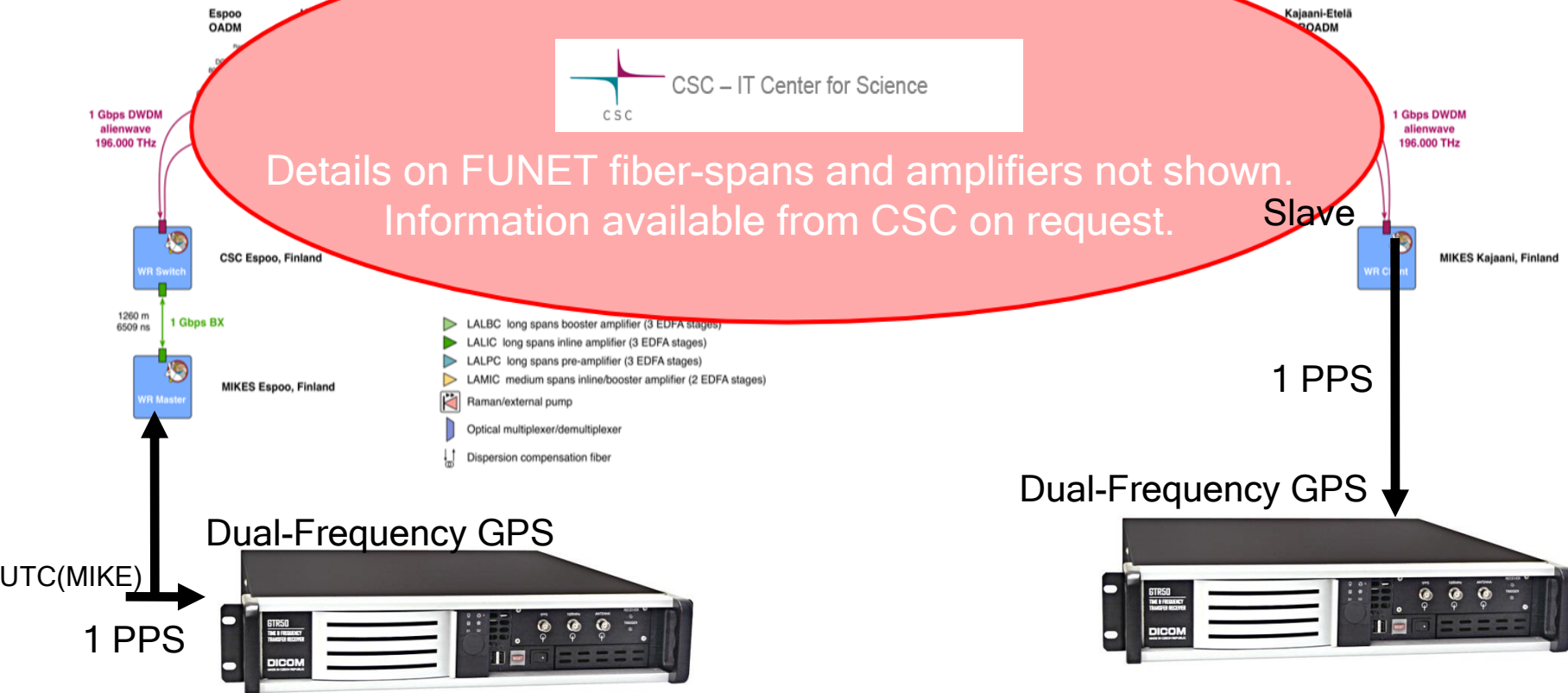


Espoo-Kajaani time-transfer experiment in FUNET



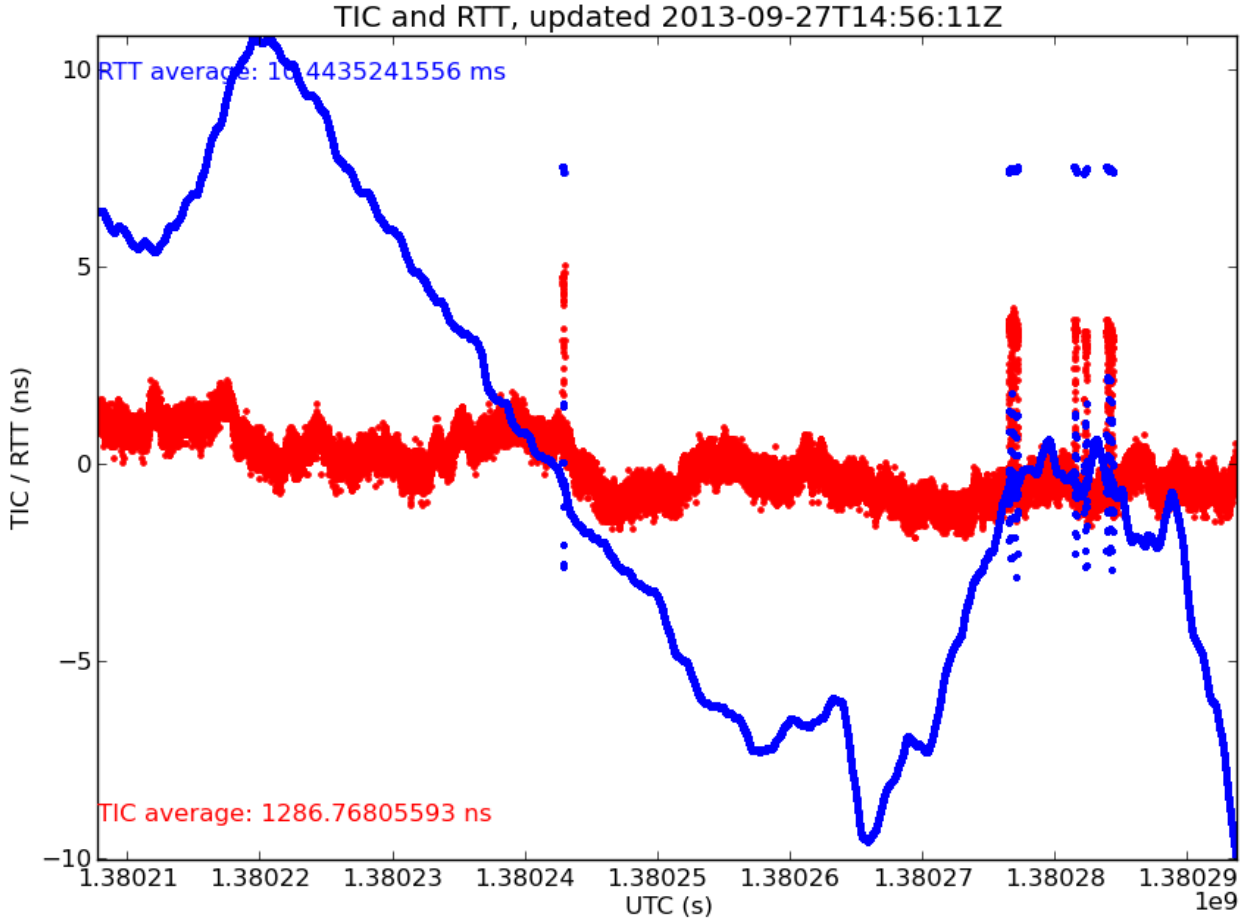
- 1000 km Espoo-Kajaani light-path in FUNET
 - 10% of fiber is in DCF spools
- Duplex (two-strand) SFPs on ITU-T #60 (196 THz)
- GrandMaster node in Espoo locked to UTC(MIKE)

Independent verification by GPS-PPP



1. Receivers colocated, common-clock calibration (5 days)
2. Receivers at Espoo/Kajaani, Fiber-asymmetry calibration (1 day)
3. Data collection (100 days)

Initial problems with 8 ns RTT jumps



Link operation started 2013 September

WhiteRabbit Espoo-Kajaani link RTT variations
MIKES & CSC, Finland, 2013 Aug 8-9

```
WR PTP Core Sync Monitor v 1.0
Esc = exit

TAI Time:          Fri, Aug 16, 2013, 13:55:37

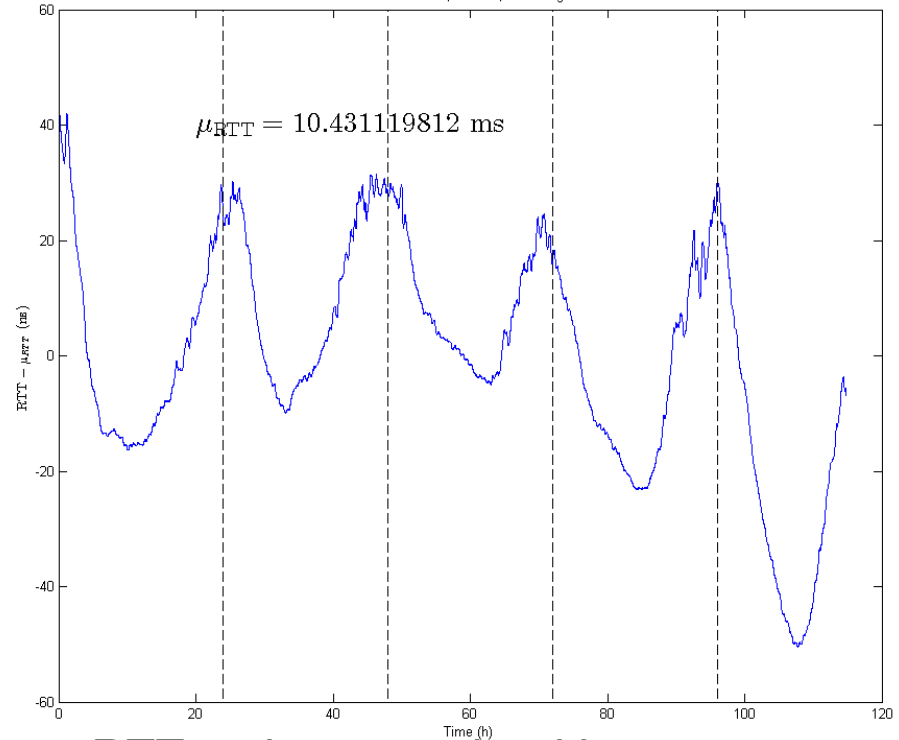
wrui: Link up  (RX: 4290, TX: 1916), mode: WR Slave  Locked  Calibrated

Synchronization status:

Servo state:      TRACK_PHASE
Phase tracking:   ON
Synchronization source: wrui
Aux clock status: 0:disabled

Timing parameters:

Round-trip time (mu): 10445954558 ps
Master-slave delay:  5223650621 ps
Master PHY delays:  TX: 0 ps, RX: 175200 ps
Slave PHY delays:   TX: 46407 ps, RX: 169443 ps
Total link asymmetry: -1346684 ps
Cable rtt delay:    10445563508 ps
Clock offset:       0 ps
Phase setpoint:     235 ps
Skew:               -4 ps
Manual phase adjustment: 0 ps
Update counter:     943
--
```

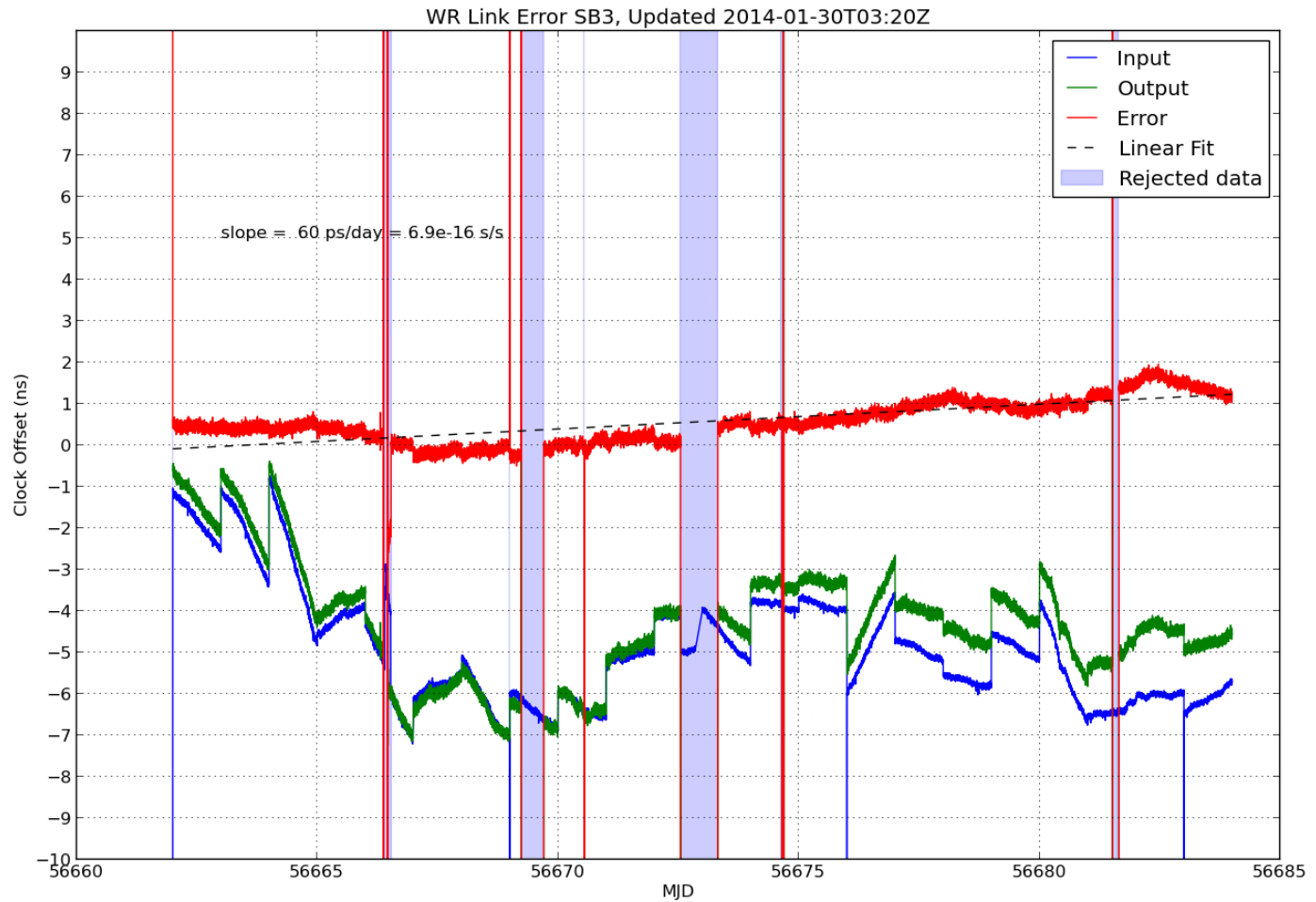


Collaborative testing during 2013 autumn allowed WR-team at CERN to produce firmware that copes with 10.4 ms RTT and eliminated "8ns jump" problems

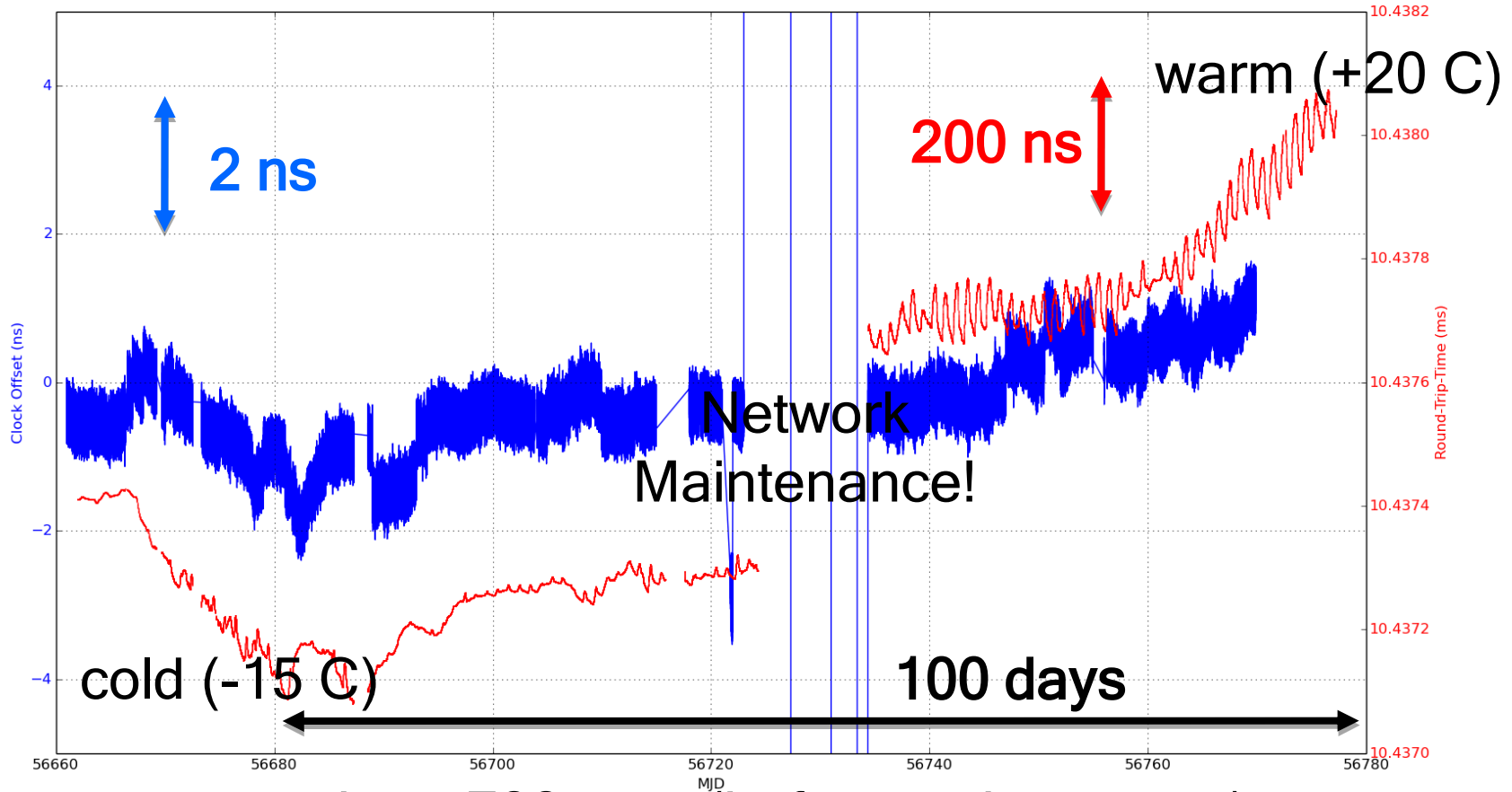
RTT varies strongly with temperature:

- Seasonal +/- 200 ns or more
- Daily +/- 50 ns in spring/autumn
- WR asymmetry parameter is ca. -800 ppm (uplink is 4 us shorter than downlink)

Link Performance



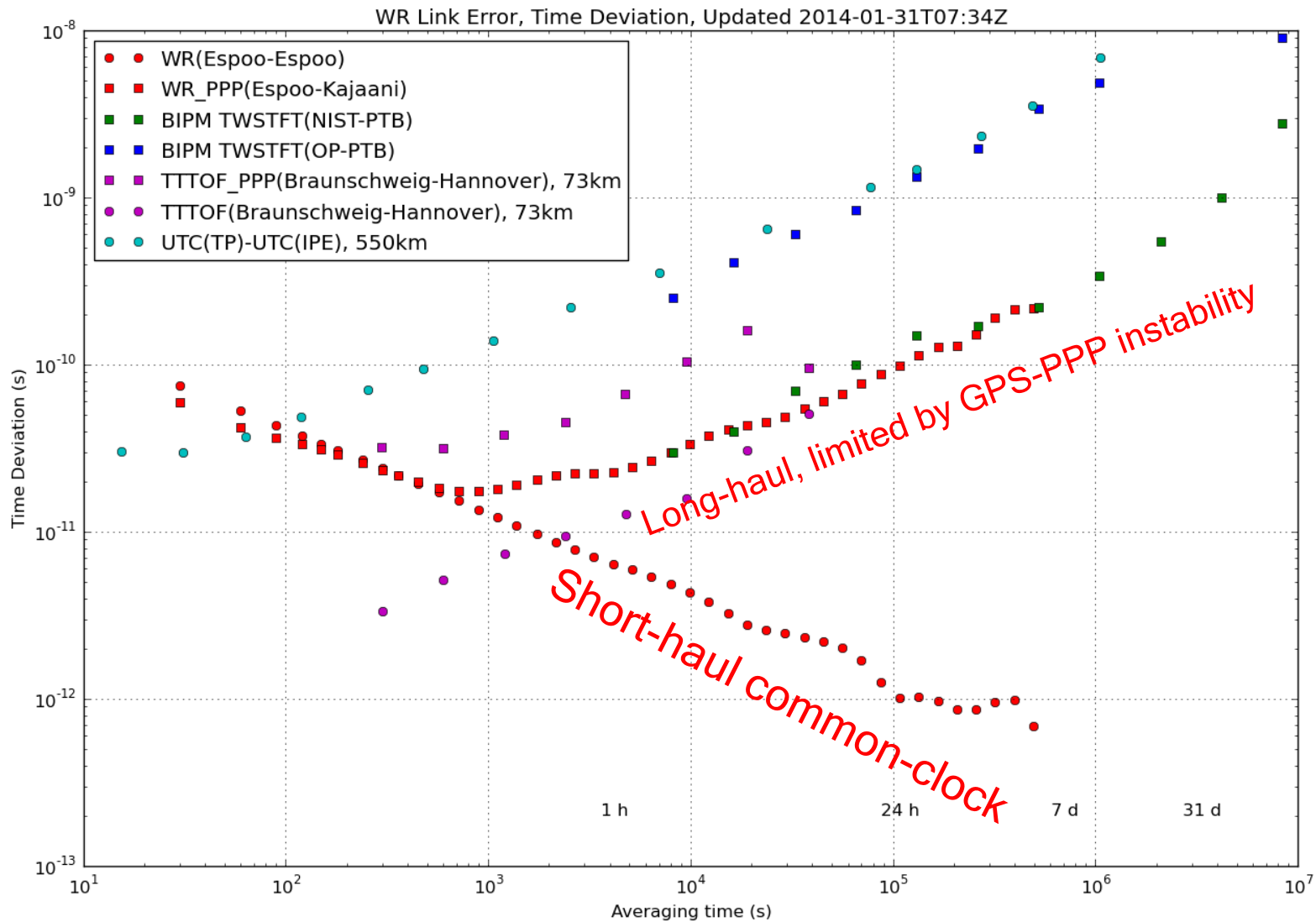
Link Error vs. Round-Trip-Time



alpha = 788 ppm (before maintenance)

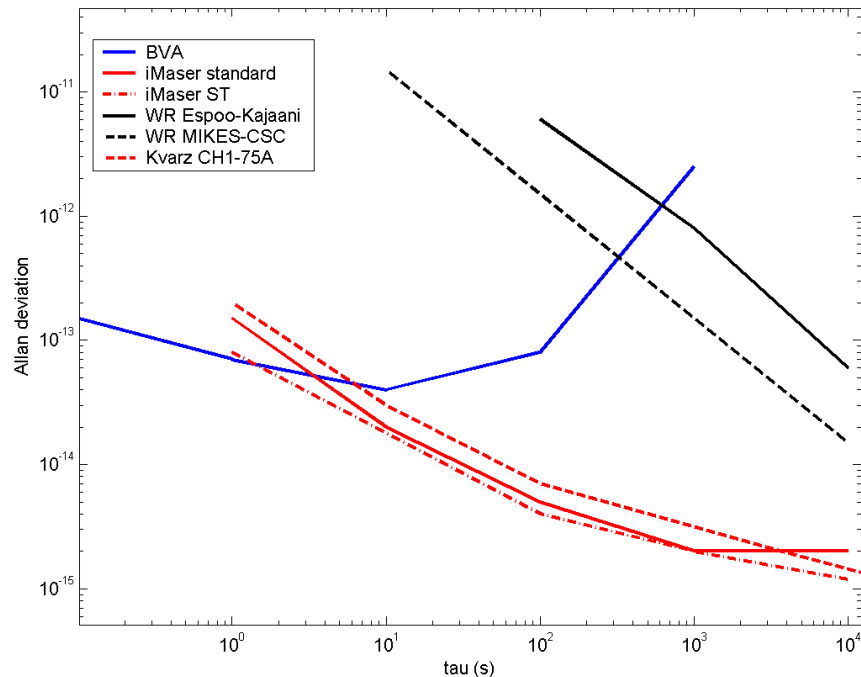
alpha = 849 ppm (after maintenance)

Time Deviation



Outlook / Challenges

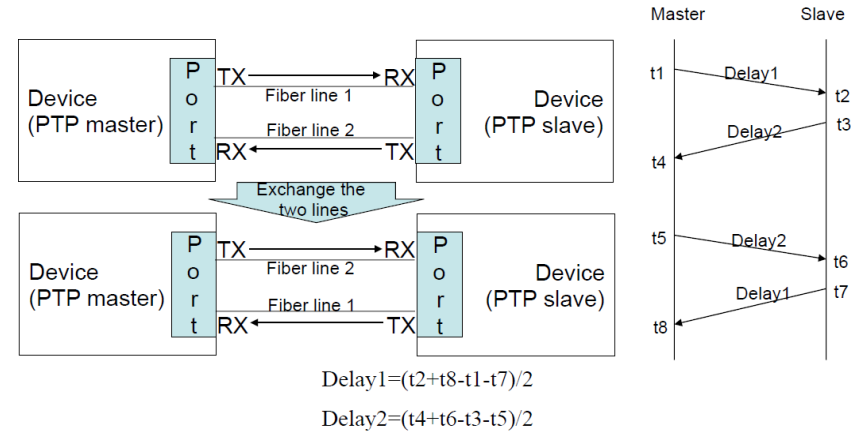
1. Short-term stability



- Improve PLL between external clock and GM-node
- PLL tuning between Master and Slave
- Better local-oscillator (OCXO) on SPEC (?)

3. Additional Phase-servo inputs
e.g. Temperature (Fiber, DCFs, Nodes)

2. Measuring fiber-asymmetry



Reverse asymmetry by:

- Exchanging Tx/Rx fibers (two-strand)
- Exchanging Tx/Rx wavelengths (single-strand)
[Huang, China Mobile]

4. Fiber-Fiber comparisons
Not limited by satellite technique

Acknowledgments:

- CSC - for the long-haul fiber
- CERN BE-CO group for developing&supporting WR (T.Wlostowski, G.Daniluk etc.)
- Seven Solutions - Hardware provider & support
- The NEAT-FT EMRP program

EMRP

European Metrology Research Programme

■ Programme of EURAMET



The EMRP is jointly funded by the EMRP participating countries within EURAMET and the European Union

Thank You!