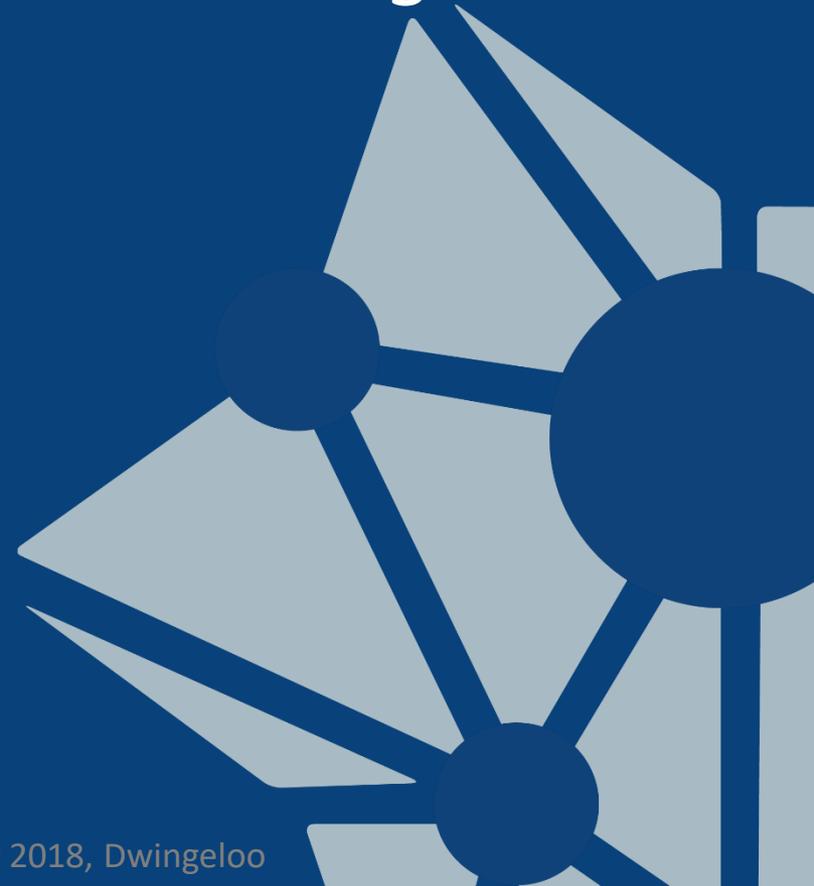


*SCHED*uling Spacecraft Observations

Practicalities, issues and challenges

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SCHEDuling Spacecraft observations

Standard VLBI scheduling program → (NRAO) SCHED
both for VLBI and single-dish mode

- Program from the '80s written in Fortran (66, 77, 90)
- SCHED requires a .key file with frequency setup and a scan schedule
- SCHED produces a text file (.vex), which contains the info for the telescopes
- The telescopes use the .vex file to generate commands for the antennas

Frequency setup

- Spacecraft frequency and general baseband configuration
- Telescope-specific settings → IF, LO, Backend,...

Scan schedule

- Slow tracking → VEX/MEX and JUICE
- Fast tracking → Radioastron and GPS/GNSS

Calibrators

- Search for suitable calibrators
- Create phase-referencing schedule





Frequency setup

Finding the S/C transmission frequency

- Thanks, ESOC friends!
- No issue for JUICE

Two modes:

- Single dish
 - 4 overlapped channels of 4MHz with a 10kHz shift
 - centred on S/C signal
- VLBI
 - 4, 8 or 16 channels of 8 or 16MHz
 - S/C signal centred in one of the channels
 - Wide band for calibration purposes

Issues:

- Non-standard frequency requires ad hoc setups for each station
- Changes in telescope hardware

```
nchan = 4
bits = 2
pbfilter = 4
freqref = 8417.99,8417.98,8417.97,8417.96
pol = RCP
netside = U
local = off
format = mkiv1:4
parrel = roll_off /

-----
firstlo= 8080,8080,8080,8080
ifchan = A1,A1,A1,A1
bbc = 1, 2, 3, 4
format = MARK5B station = ONSALA60 /

-----
firstlo= 7650,7650,7650,7650
ifchan = A, A, A, A
bbc = 1, 2, 3, 4
format = MARK5B station = METSAHOV /

-----
firstlo=7600,7600,7600,7600
ifchan='A1','A1','A1','A1'
bbc = 1,2,3,4
format = Mark5B station = WARK12M /

-----
firstlo=7600,7600,7600,7600
ifchan='A1','A1','A1','A1'
bbc = 1,2,3,4
station = YARRA12M /

-----
firstlo=7600,7600,7600,7600
ifchan='A1','A1','A1','A1'
bbc = 1,2,3,4
station = HOBART12 /

-----
firstlo=7600,7600,7600,7600
ifchan='A1','A1','A1','A1'
bbc = 1,2,3,4
station = KATH12M /

-----
firstlo=7680,7680,7680,7680
ifchan='1N','1N','1N','1N'
bbc = 1,3,5,7
station = KASHIM11 /

-----
firstlo=8080,8080,8080,8080
ifchan='1N','1N','1N','1N'
bbc = 1,3,5,7
station = YAMAGU32 /

-----
firstlo=8080,8080,8080,8080
ifchan='A','A','A','A'
```



Scheduling the pointings

S/C coordinates from SPICE kernels

- SPICE SCHED exists BUT only for correlation purpose at the VLBA.
No telescope work with SPICE SCHED for pointing.

Two options for standard SCHED:

- Station capable of non-sidereal tracking
 - We provide a separate file with the orbit (format varies with antenna).
 - The coordinates format varies with the stations.
Eg. Ef likes RADEC J2000, Kwazars apparent RADEC, Ys Az-El, and Hart has developed its own way to calculate the coordinates.
- Not all antennas are able to perform non-sidereal tracking
 - In this case we provide the actual list of scans on the vex file, like any other VLBI observation.

Sidereal tracking requires scheduling hundreds (or thousands) of scans

- Slow tracking → Planetary probes
- Fast tracking → Earth (and moon) satellites
 - Cross-eyed pointing: one schedule per station
 - Signal is too strong: attenuation needed during the S/C scans
 - S/C detected on sidelobes during calibration scans
 - The starting and breaking the antenna every 15 seconds can be very demanding for the antennas



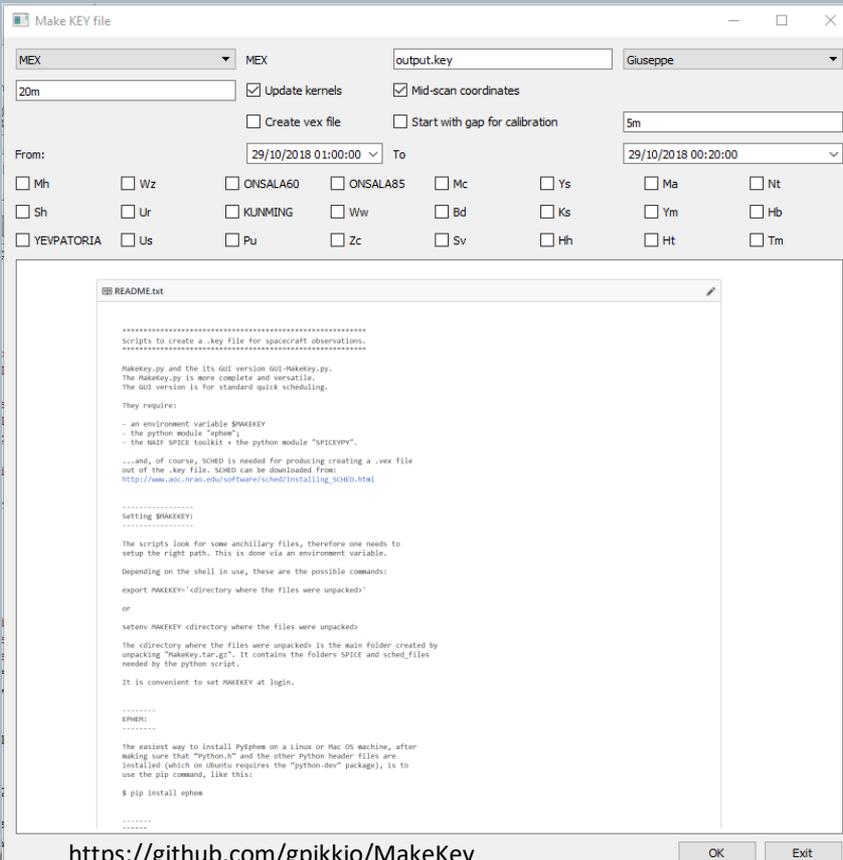
Makekey script

Typical schedule:

- 3 minutes on the phase calibrator
- 3-minute scan on the S/C

Issues

- Generation of hundreds of pointing coordinates
- Scan sync between arrays/antennas



```

=====
!setup = $MYSCHED/Setups/mex16CAL.x
!setup = $MYSCHED/Setups/mex8x16FLYBY.x
!prestart=0
!stations = ONSALA60,Hh,Mc,Ys,Bd,Sv,Zc

! It starts in occultation
!source=J1230+1223 dur=34:00 gap=0:30 / !
group 5 repeat 2
source=J1230+1223 dur=3:00 gap=1:00 / ! FF0
source=J1232-0224 dur=2:00 gap=1:00 / ! Cal0
source=cal5 dur=2:00 gap=1:00 / ! Cal5
source=J1232-0224 dur=2:00 gap=1:00 / ! Cal0
source=J1222+0413 dur=3:00 gap=1:00 / ! FF2

source=J1232-0224 dur=1:00 gap=0:00 / !

! Phase referencing scans
source=J1232-0224 dur=2:00 gap=0:30 / !
source=MEX362-1820 dur=2:00 gap=0:30 / !

! Phase referencing scans
group 2 repeat 2
source=J1232-0224 dur=2:00 gap=0:30 / !
source=MEX362-1820 dur=2:00 gap=0:30 / !
group 2 repeat 1
source=J1232-0224 dur=2:00 gap=0:30 / !
source=171200 dur=00:15 /
source=171215 dur=00:15 /
source=MEX362-1830 dur=2:00 gap=0:30 / !
source=171230 dur=00:15 /
group 2 repeat 1
source=J1232-0224 dur=2:00 gap=0:30 / !
source=171300 dur=00:15 /
source=cal5 dur=2:00 gap=0:30 / !
source=171315 dur=00:15 /
source=171330 dur=00:15 /
stations = Bd
source=171345 dur=00:15 /
gap=1:00 source=J0825+0309 dur=4:00 /
gap=1:00 source=172000 dur=00:15 /
gap=0:00 source=172015 dur=00:15 /
source=172030 dur=00:15 /
source=172045 dur=00:15 /
source=172100 dur=00:15 /
source=172115 dur=00:15 /
source=172130 dur=00:15 /
source=172145 dur=00:15 /
source=172200 dur=00:15 /
source=172215 dur=00:15 /
source=172230 dur=00:15 /
source=172245 dur=00:15 /
source=172300 dur=00:15 /
source=172315 dur=00:15 /
source=172330 dur=00:15 /
source=172345 dur=00:15 /

```



Conclusions and Suggestions

PySCHED

- Refactored version of SCHED in python
- Easy to script
- Tests are in progress

More flexibility is needed with frequency setup

- Scripting (Py)SCHED
- Better communications with antennas or EVN Support

Scheduling and calibration → Reducing complexity:

- In-beam calibration
 - EVN experiment EC064 + 4 epochs with VLBA
- Multiview VLBI
 - Multiple observations around the target
 - No need for source switching or (very) close calibrator
 - Huge improvement in calibration

(Survey around the predicted orbit)

