



National Astronomical Institute of Thailand  
(Public Organisation)  
Ministry of Science and Technology

# Progress and Plan for the Thai National Radio Observatory

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RANGD Project Manager

EVN CBD Seminar, SHAO

16/05/18

# Radio Astronomy Network and Geodesy for Development (RANGD) 2017-2021

*“Capacity Building Through Radio Astronomy”*

- Thai National Radio Observatory (**TNRO**)
  - 40m Thai Radio Telescope (**TNRT**)
  - 13m VGOS Telescope
  - Visitor Centre
- Receiver and Electronics Laboratories

## **Human Expertise**

- Workshops & Seminars
- Trainings & Staff exchange

# Background of TNRT

- Multipurpose ~40m RT — with flexibility
- (preferably) Existing Design — limited experience
- Frequency ~ UHF - ~115 GHz — determined by Science area, Radio Frequency Interference, Weather conditions

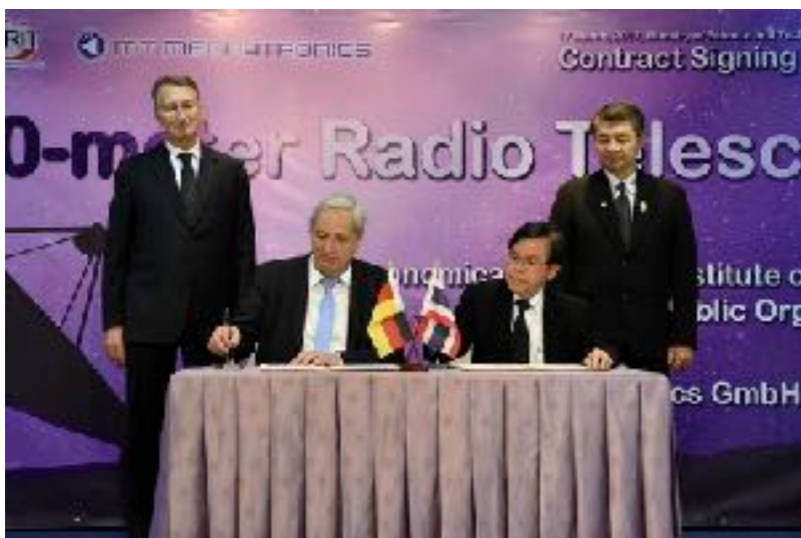
## Key Science

- Extensive observing frequency : 300 MHz - 115 GHz
- Ideal latitude location : +18 N

Single Dish Applications focus on Time Domain astronomy, such as pulsars and radio transients and variability of masers and AGNs.

# The 40m Thai National Radio Telescope

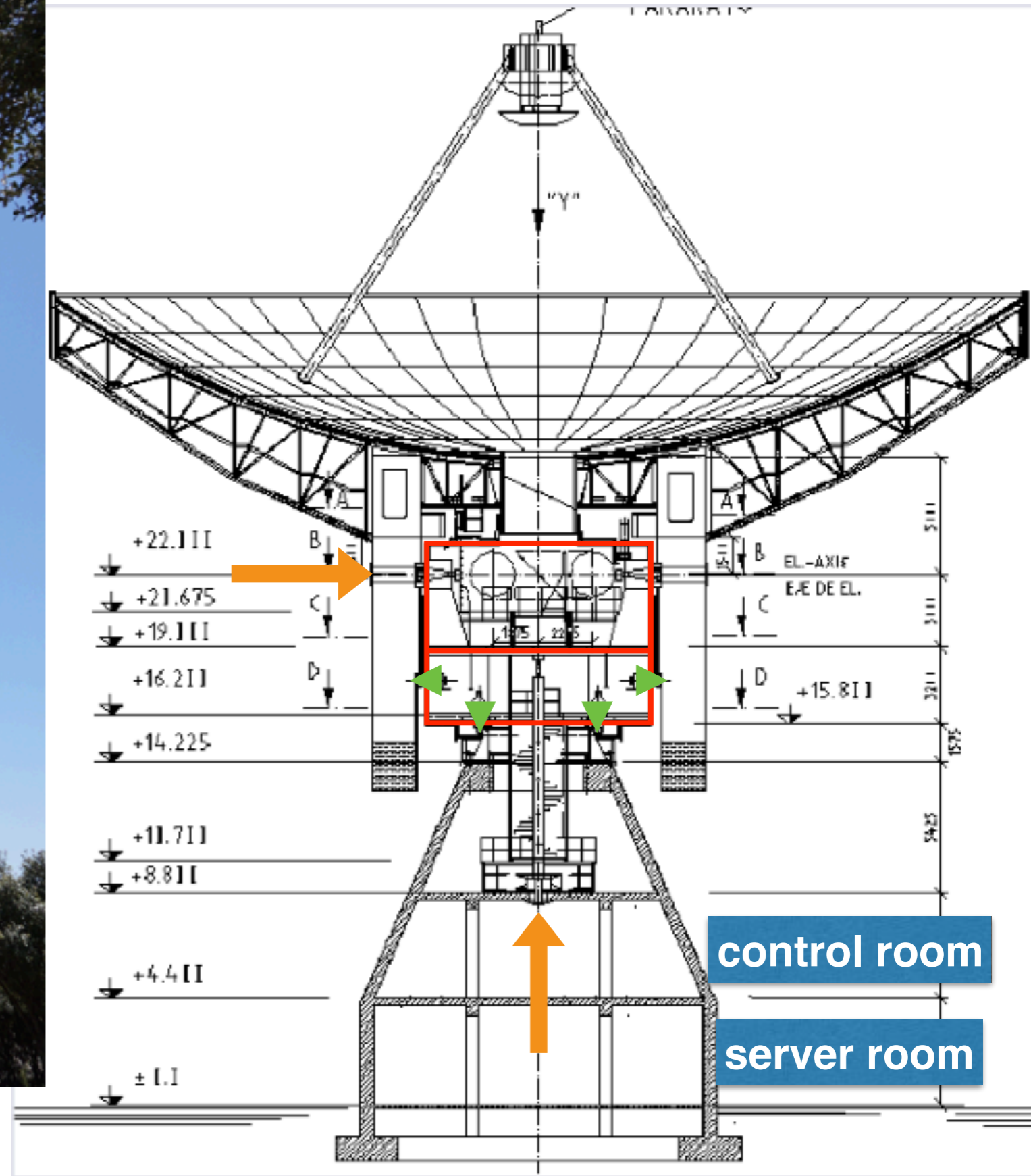
- 'Updated' version of IGN's 40m Yebes Radio Telescope
- 40m Paraboloid Antenna, Cassegrain-Nasmyth optics
- 150  $\mu\text{m}$  (rms) total surface accuracy (@45EL)
- 300 MHz - 115 GHz
- Slew: Az 3 deg/s, EL 1 deg/s
- Pointing: 2" (no wind), 6" (5 m/s wind)
- Tetrapod Head Unit (THU)



40m RT Contract Signing March '17



# The 40m Thai National Radio Telescope

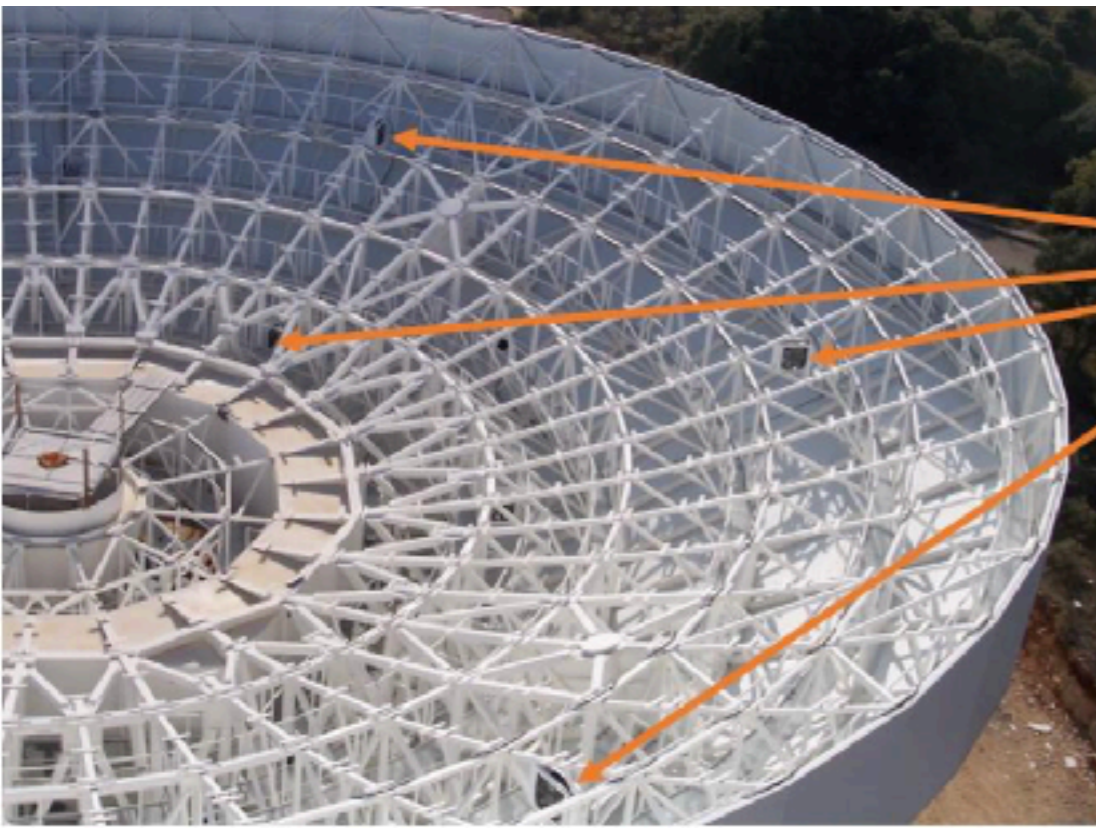
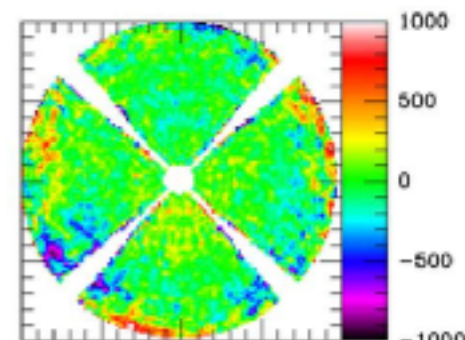
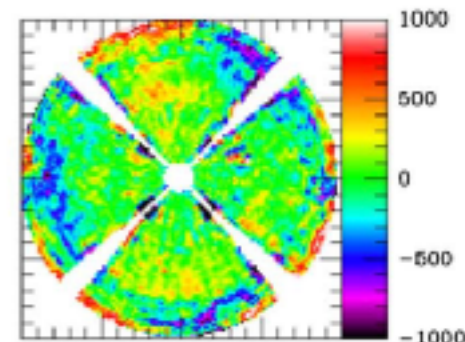
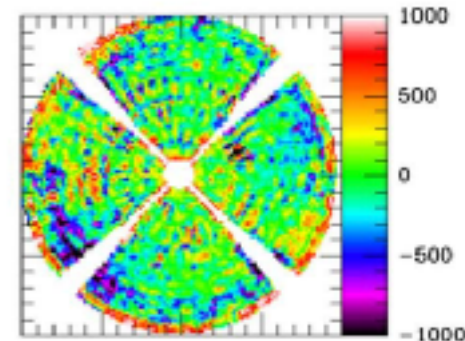
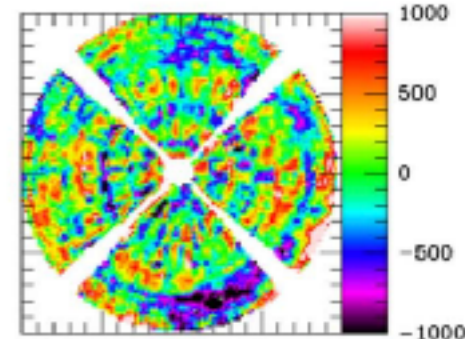
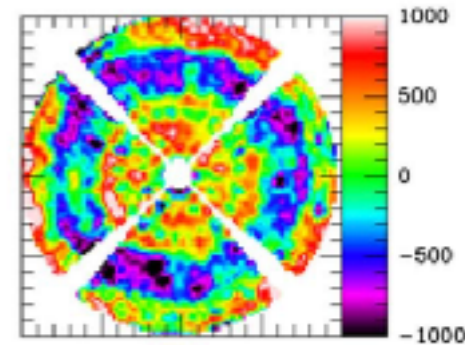


# Main Reflector

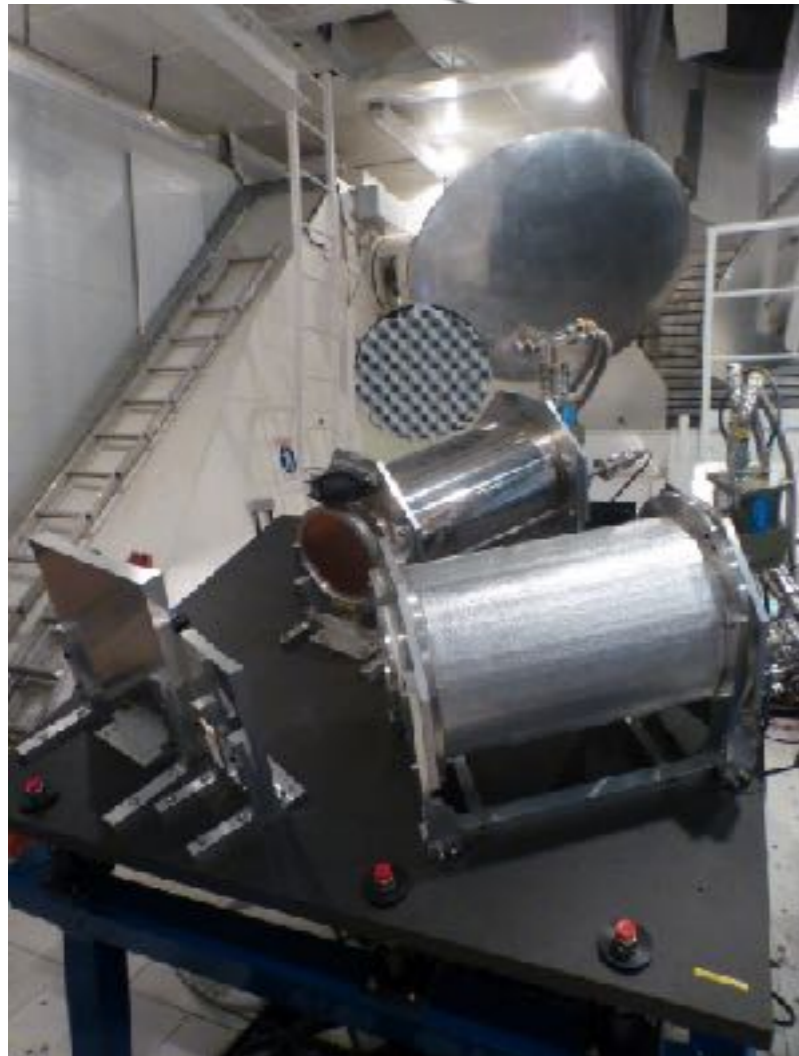
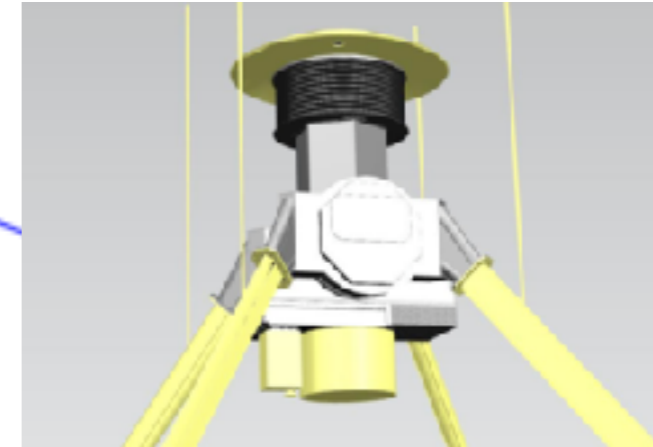
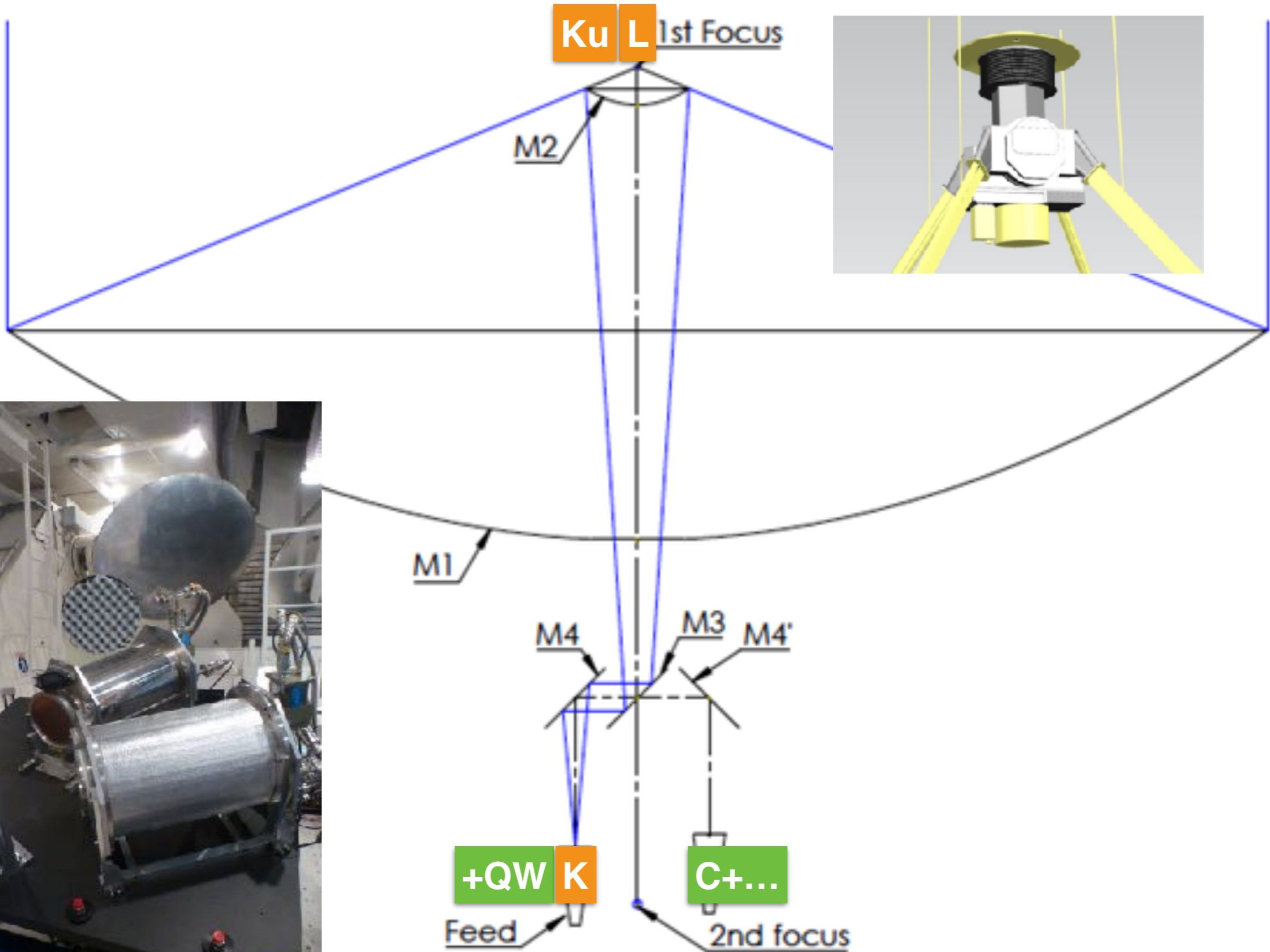
- 420 80um (rms) panels
- total passive surface  
150 um (rms) @50 deg  
180 um (rms) @20,70 deg
- fully cladded
- upgradable to active surface
- Ku microwave holography



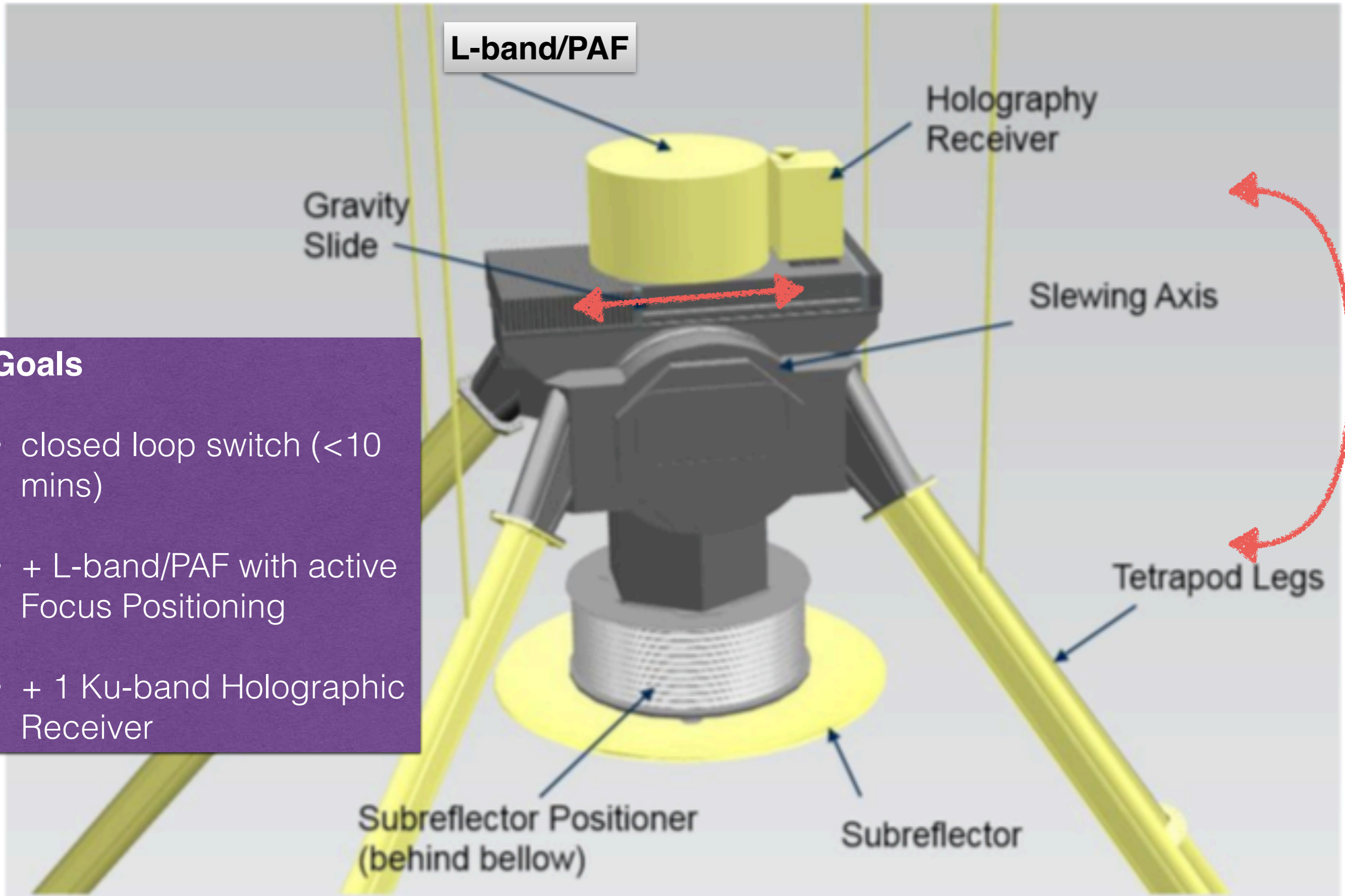
Normal Surface Error ( $\mu\text{m}$ )



# Optics



# Tetrapod-Head Unit (THU)



## Goals

- closed loop switch (<10 mins)
- + L-band/PAF with active Focus Positioning
- + 1 Ku-band Holographic Receiver



# Concrete Tower (NARIT SOW)



	L-band	K-band
Location	Primary Focus	Nasmyth Focus
Frequency range (GHz)	<b>0.85-1.80</b>	<b>18.0-26.5</b>
Centre wavelength (cm)	21.4	1.36
Beam width (arcmin)	22	1.4
Polarisation	Linear	Circular
Cross polarisation	-25 dB	-25 dB
RF BW	<b>950 MHz</b>	8 GHz
sampler	3 Gsps	>4 Gsps
Packetizer BW	1.5 GHz	<b>&gt;2 GHz</b>
digitisation bits	< 12 bit	< 12 bit
Digitizer Output	2 x 40 Gbps Ethernet, SPEAD	2 x 40 Gbps Ethernet, SPEAD
Total efficiency	0.7	0.5
Gain (K/Jy)	0.32	0.23
Trx	13	20
Tsky (K)	12	50
Tsys (K)	25	70
SEFD (Jy)	<b>78</b>	<b>304</b>



Max-Planck-Institut  
für Radioastronomie

**Primary/Nasmyth Cabins**

L-band  
0.85-1.8 GHz

**Digitizers**

K-band  
18-26.5 GHz

**Conversion**

**Digitizers**

**NARIT HQ**

**HPC**

**Data Archive**

**Fiber optics**

**Fiber optics**

**Packetizers**

**Ethernet Switch**

BW 2pol x 2ghz

**n x Backend Server**

**RFI mitigation Stokes parameters**

**GPU**

**CPU**

**GPU**

**CPU**

**60s ring buffer**

**Onsite Server**

**filterbank data**

**Observing Modes**

**Pulsar mode**  
dspsr  
timing  
search  
transient  
...

**Spectrometer mode**  
high  
resolution  
filter  
...

**VLBI mode**

**VLBI vdif**

**Mark6 disks**

**Single pulse search (real time) CPU**

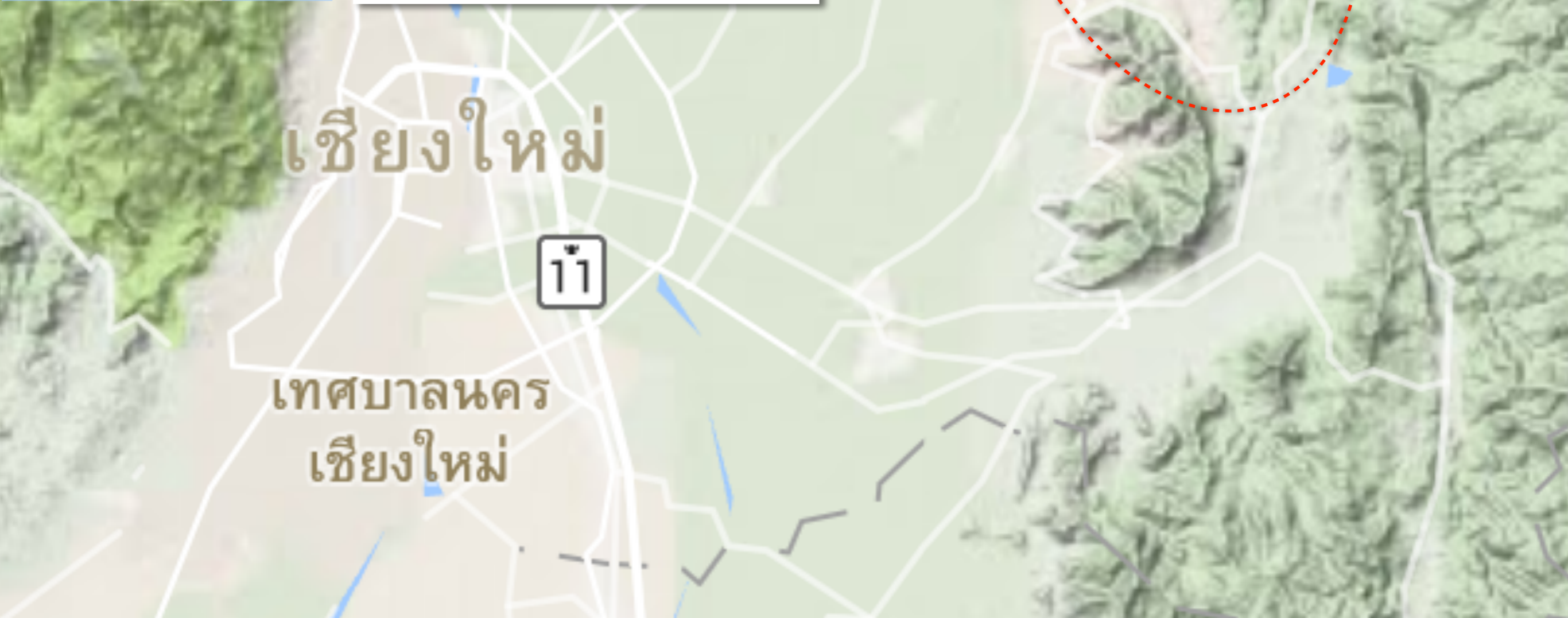
**100 dB EMC shielded Server Room**

Band	UHF	L	S	C	X	Ku	K	Q	W	PAF	MB-CO
GHZ	0.3-1	1-2	2-4	4-8	8-12	12-18	18-27	36-46	75-110	0.7-2.1	115
Single dish											
Pulsar	PSR obs	PSR obs/ IPTA	PSR obs				GC search/ magnetars	GC search/ magnetars			
Maser & molecular lines		OH		CH3OH			H2O, NH3	Sio	Sio		
Continuum											
VLBI											
Geodetic VLBI			Legacy system		Legacy system						
			2-14 GHz 13m VGOS Telescope								
EAVN (Wajima et al 2015)											
KaVA											
EVN (evlbi.org)											
Aus LBA											
Global mm VLBA Array											
Space VLBI (radioastron)											

key    phase I Rx 2018    phase II Rx (TBC)



Huai Hongkhrai Royal Development Study Center



เชียงใหม่

เทศบาลนคร  
เชียงใหม่

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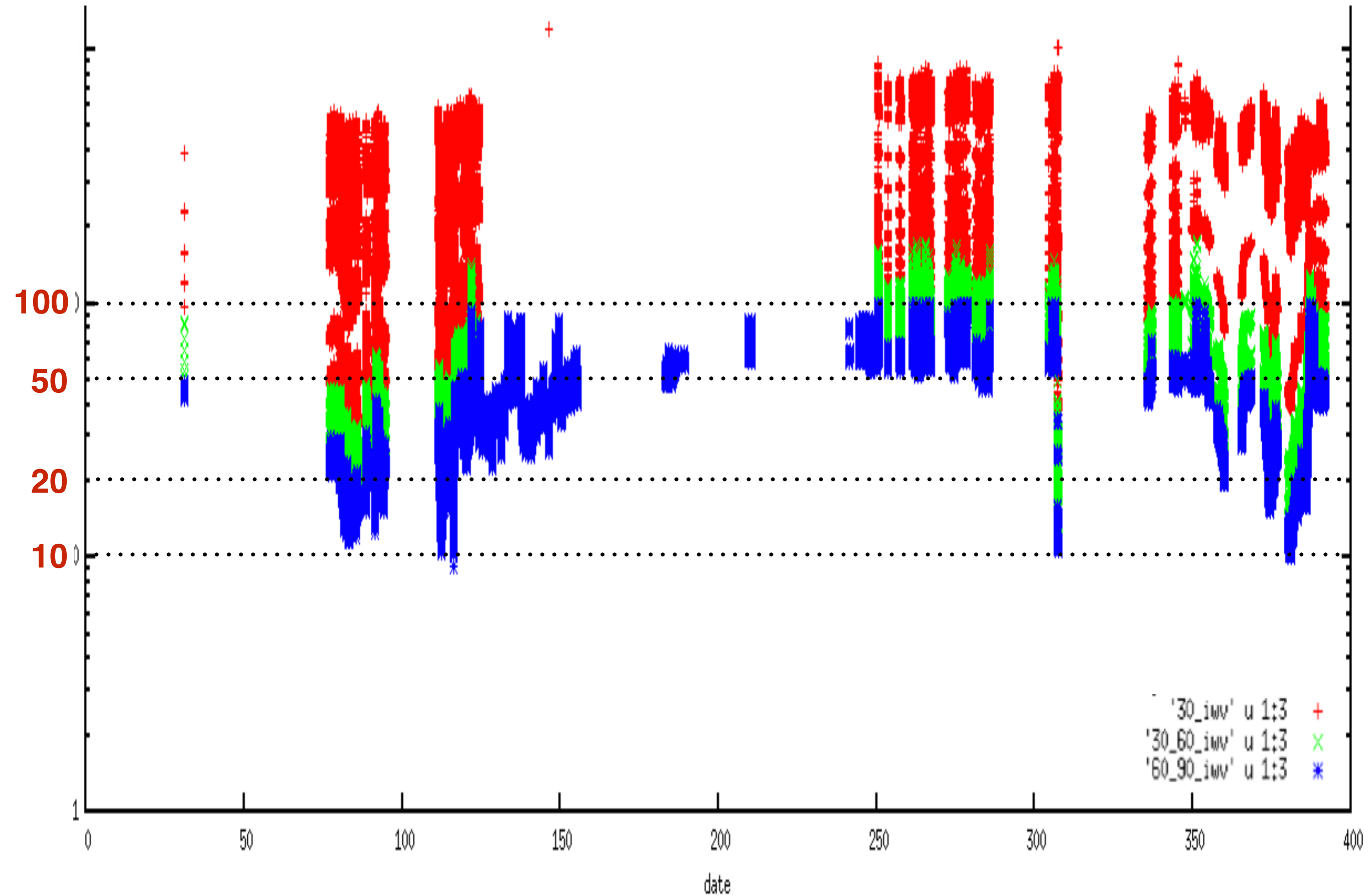
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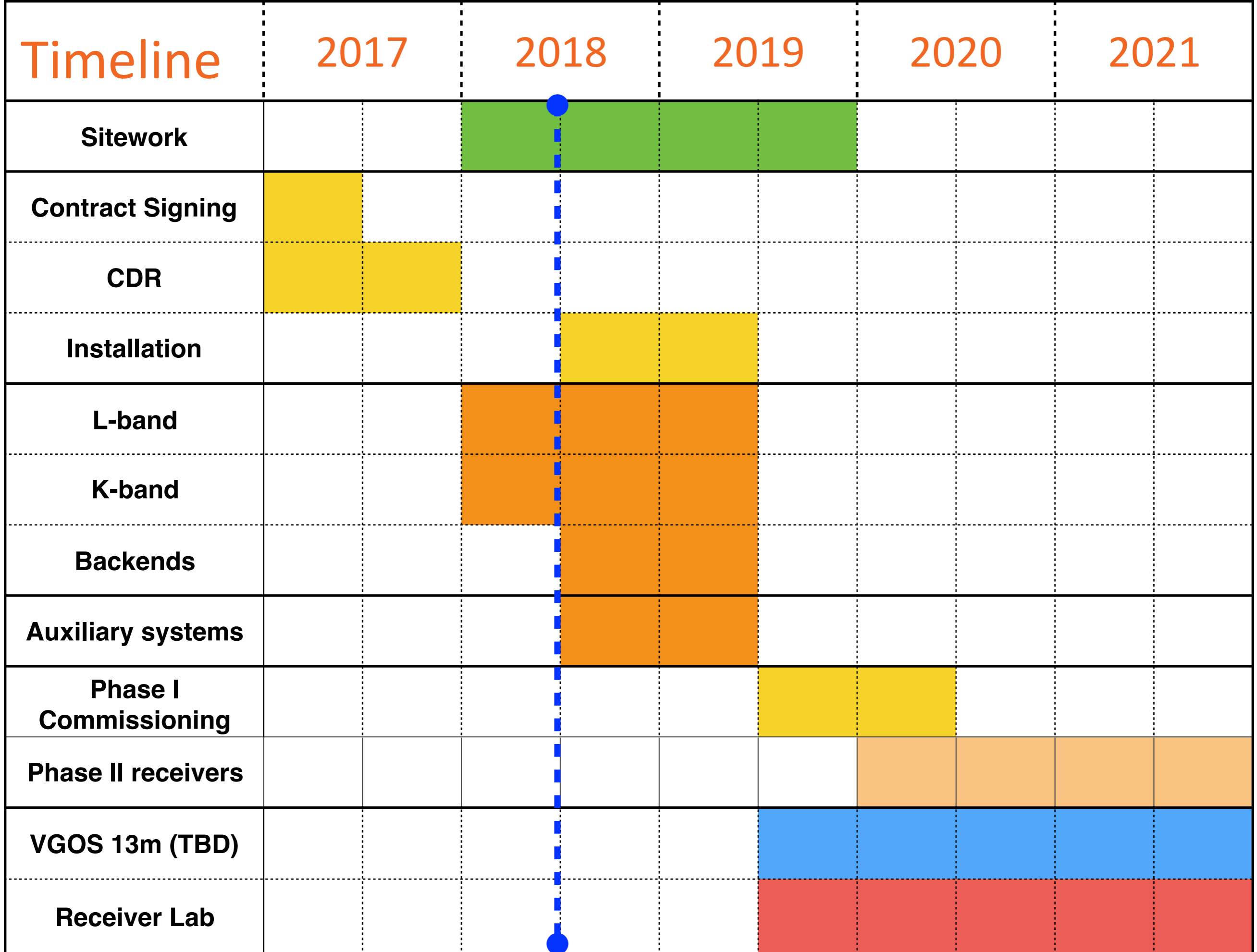
# Horizon view@40m RT





# Integrated Water Vapour (mm.)



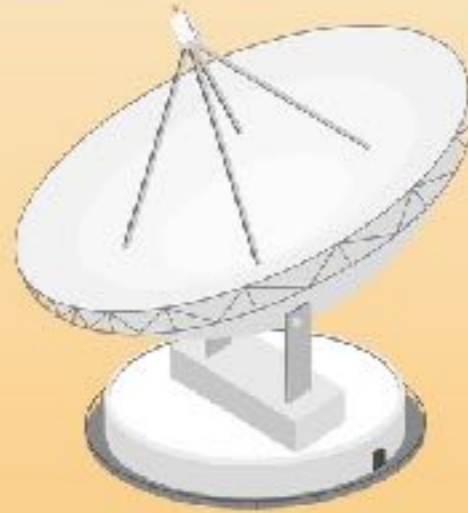




# The 7th International VLBI Technology Workshop 2018

## Important dates:

- 30 Apr : Call for Abstracts
- 31 Aug : Abstract submission deadline
- 15 Sep : Registration Deadline/  
Accommodation Booking



## Background

The International VLBI Technology Workshops have evolved from the highly successful 10-year series of International e-VLBI workshops. The scope of the technology workshops aims to encompass all areas of hardware and software development relevant to VLBI.

The seventh workshop in this series will feature (but not be limited to) traditional VLBI topics, such as receivers, backends, recording equipment, and e-transport. One day will be dedicated to correlators, for which we will also invite a number of experts from non-VLBI fields.

Trip to AstroPark and TNRO site in Chiang Mai on Friday 9 November, 2018.

## Workshop date and venue

12-15 November 2018

Aonang Villa Resort, Krabi, Thailand



## For more information

Website: [www.narit.or.th/ivtw2018](http://www.narit.or.th/ivtw2018)  
Email: [ivtw2018@narit.or.th](mailto:ivtw2018@narit.or.th)  
Fanpage : NARITpage / ITCAUNESCO

# Summary



## **Scope of work**

- 40m RT (exclude tower) — MT Mechatronics
- Tower + Site — NARIT

## **Collaborations**

- Microwave Holography System + TCS + Trainings — Yebes Obs
- L-band + K-band + Universal Software Backend — MPIfR+Manchester
- 13m VGOS telescope — SHAO